

Societa Italiana per l'Oleodotto Transalpino S.p.A.

# SIOT Marine Receiving Facilities Trieste – Italy



# TERMINAL INFORMATION and PORT REGULATIONS



TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 2 of 93

# **COMPLIANCE NOTICE**

# **Please Note:**

There is a minimum requirement at this terminal that all vessels should comply at all times to International Regulations (as S.O.L.A.S., ISPS code, FSS, MARPOL, IGS and so on) and in all respects with the latest edition of the following industry publications:

OCIMF: "International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers & Terminals" (ISGOTT).

- "Mooring Equipment Guidelines" (MEG).
- "Recommendations for Oil and Chemical Tanker Manifolds and Associated Equipment".

If any non-compliance with the recommendations contained in the said publications is identified, whether prior to, during or after cargo operations, then the terminal reserves the right, at their absolute discretion, to (without limitation):

- reject the vessel;
- cease operations;
- suspend operations;
- remove the vessel from the berth;
- refuse completion of the intended operation; or
- require attendance of and or assistance from marine or cargo expert(s) acceptable to the terminal.

All loss of time, costs and expenses associated with the terminal exercising its rights, as set out above, shall be for the vessel's account.

The aforesaid shall be without prejudice to any rights the terminal may otherwise have, pursuant to the contents of this Terminal Information and Port Regulations booklet.



# TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 3 of 93

REV.	DATE REV.	ITEM
01	October 2011	New Edition
02	February 2015	Revision – into force from-1 <sup>st</sup> March, 2015
03	February 2019	Revision – into force from 1 <sup>st</sup> April, 2019
04	May 2022	Revision – to come into force on 1 <sup>st</sup> June, 2022
05	May 2025	Revision – to come into force on 1 <sup>st</sup> June, 2025

Master-Doc:	Owner: Dr. Fabrizio Stein			
	Author	Approved and released		
Date:	15 <sup>th</sup> May 2025	15 <sup>th</sup> May 2025		
Department:	M.F. SUPERINTENDENT	TAL OP MANAGER		
Name:	Dr. Fabrizio Stein	Ing. Massimo Diminich		
Signature:	James Gland	10 mil		



# TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 4 of 93

# **Contents**

2.0 GENERAL  2.1. INTRODUCTION/SCOPE  2.2. OWNERSHIP  2.3. COMPANY ADDRESS  2.4. LIABILITY  2.5. JURISDICTION	
2.2. OWNERSHIP	
2.3. Company Address	
2.4. LIABILITY	9 9 9 11
	9 9 11
2.5. Jurisdiction	91113
	11
2.6. General Information	13
2.7. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	
3.0 COMMUNICATION	
3.1. Pre-Arrival Information	13
3.2. COMMUNICATIONS IN ROADS	13
3.3. COMMUNICATIONS ALONGSIDE (NOTICE 1)	13
4.0 HSSE	14
4.1. HEALTH	14
4.2. Safety	15
4.3. Security	17
4.4. Environment	18
5.0 MISCELLANEOUS	21
5.1. Mooring Service	21
5.2. Ships propulsion and Bow Thrusters	21
5.3. Inspections	21
5.4. Ship's Stores and Provisions	21
5.5. Fresh Water	22
5.6. Bunker Operations	22
6.0 NAVIGATION	23
6.1. Location (Charts)	23
6.2. Approaches	23
6.3. CLIMATE	23
6.4. Anchorage	24
6.5. PILOTS	24
6.6. Tugs	24
6.7. Traffic Obstructions	24
7.0 ACCEPTANCE	25
7.1. Ships screening, acceptance and nomination	25
7.2. Pre-Mooring Safety Inspection	25
7.3. UKC POLICY	27
7.4. DIMENSIONAL CRITERIA:	28
7.5. Moorings	28
7.6. Berth Occupancy	31
8.0 CARGO HANDLING	33
8.1. Manning Levels	33
8.2. Berth Information	33
8.3. Unloading Arms	33
8.4. Ship's Manifold	34



9.22.

# SIOT\* Marine Receiving Facilities in Trieste \*Società Italiana per l'Oleodotto Transalpino S.p.A

#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 5 of 93

8.5.	CLOSED UPERATIONS	
8.6.	CARGO DISCHARGE	34
8.7.	CARGO SURVEYOR/EXPEDITOR	35
8.8.	Environmental Criteria	35
8.9.	Sampling	36
8.10.	ISGOTT 6 SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK LIST AND PRE CARGO TRANSFER CONFERENCE	36
8.11.	Crude Oil Washing	37
8.12.	CARGO FREE WATER DISPOSAL	37
8.13.	END OF DISCHARGE	38
8.14.	TANKS INSPECTION ON SAILING	38
8.15.	CARGO DOCUMENTS	38
8.16.	SIOT DOCUMENTS	38
9.0	DRAWINGS, EXAMPLES, FORMS ETC	39
9.1.	Anchorages, Channel & Harbour Plan	39
9.2.	TERMINAL LAYOUT	41
9.3.	Safety Plan (Jetty)	42
9.4.	SAFETY PLAN (PLATFORM)	44
9.5.	FIRE MONITOR COVERAGE	45
9.6.	ESCAPE WAY	46
9.7.	BUBBLE BARRIERS AND OIL SPILL DETECTION SYSTEM	47
9.8.	Mooring Points	48
9.9.	Ship's Mooring Arrangement Diagram	49
9.10.	Mooring Data Collection Form	50
9.11.	OPTIMOOR® MOORING ANALYSIS (EXAMPLES)	51
9.12.	Mooring Arrangements (Pier No 1)	53
9.13.	Mooring Arrangements (Pier No 2)	55
9.14.	EMERGENCY TOWING OFF PENNANTS	56
9.15.	VSL'S WINDAGE AREAS	57
9.16.	Working Range Diagram (Berths 1 & 3)	58
9.17.	Working Range Diagram (Berth 2)	59
9.18.	Working Range Diagram (Berth 4)	60
9.19.	REQUEST FOR PERMIT OF TEMPORARY ACCESS TO THE MARINE TERMINAL	61
9.20.	PERMIT OF TEMPORARY ACCESS TO THE MARINE TERMINAL	62
9 21	MOVEMENT OF GOODS	63



#### **TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS**

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 6 of 93

#### **APPENDICES**

Appendix 1 -	– Safety Letter and	BOOKLET RECEIPT
--------------	---------------------	-----------------

APPENDIX 2 — THE SHIP/SHORE SAFETY CHECK-LIST & SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

APPENDIX 3 - CARGO DISCHARGE PRELIMINARY AGREEMENT

APPENDIX 4 - SHIP'S PRE ARRIVAL MESSAGE - 72 HOURS NOTICE - REQUEST TO PERFORM COW

APPENDIX 5 - COW - PROCEDURE - CERTIFICATE TO HARBOUR MASTER FROM REGISTRATION BODY

APPENDIX 6 - COW - PROCEDURE - CERTIFICATE TO HARBOUR MASTER FROM PORT CHEMIST

APPENDIX 7 — COW - PROCEDURE - AUTHORISATION TO PROCEED

APPENDIX 8 - PRE MOORING INSPECTION CHECKLIST

APPENDIX 9 - TAC REPORT EXAMPLE

APPENDIX 10 - TERMINAL MOORING LINES SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE CRITERIA QUESTIONNAIRE

#### **NOTICES**

NOTICE 1 — COMMUNICATION NOTICE

NOTICE 2 — INSTRUCTIONS IN CASE OF FIRE OR EMERGENCY
NOTICE 3 — INSTRUCTIONS IN CASE OF VESSEL DRIFT OFF



#### **TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS**

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 7 of 93

#### 1.0 WARNINGS

# **SMOKING**

SMOKING IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED IN THE TERMINAL, ON THE JETTY AND ON BOARD VESSELS ALONGSIDE (THE RESTRICTED AREA), EXCEPT IN THOSE ENCLOSED SPACES ON BOARD THE VESSEL SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED BY THE MASTER AND TERMINAL SUPERVISOR (OR HIS DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE) AS SMOKING AREAS. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE REGULATIONS WILL INVOLVE CESSATION OF OPERATIONS AND MAY RESULT IN THE VESSEL BEING INSTRUCTED TO VACATE THE BERTH PENDING A COMPLETE INVESTIGATION AND RECEIPT OF WRITTEN ASSURANCE FROM THE MASTER THAT EFFECTIVE CONTROL HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED.

SIOT RESERVES THE RIGHT, IN UNUSUAL CIRCUMSTANCES, TO PROHIBIT SMOKING AT ANY TIME AND IN ANY PLACE.

# **ALCOHOL/DRUGS**

MASTERS ARE ADVISED THAT OPERATIONS WILL CEASE, IF THE ACTIONS OF A PERSON OR PERSONS INVOLVED IN OPERATIONS ARE NOT UNDER PROPER CONTROL AS A RESULT OF THE SUSPECTED USE OF ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUGS.

OPERATIONS WILL NOT RESUME UNTIL THE MATTER HAS BEEN REPORTED TO AND FULLY INVESTIGATED BY RELEVANT AUTHORITIES AND THE COMPANY CONSIDER IT SAFE TO DO SO. DELAY OR CANCELLATION OF THE VESSEL'S DEPARTURE MAY RESULT AND ALL COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS DELAY WILL BE BORNE BY THE VESSEL.

ACCESS TO THE TERMINAL FOR A PERSON OR PERSONS SIMILARILY AFFECTED BY ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUGS WILL BE DENIED (SEE SECTION 4.1.2).

# **POLLUTION**

#### IT IS AN OFFENCE TO:

- SPILL OIL OR ANY OTHER POLLUTANT SUBSTANCES
- DUMP GARBAGE
- EMIT EXCESSIVE FUNNEL SMOKE
- RELEASE TO THE ATMOSPHERE ANY HAZARDOUS GAS

ALL INCIDENTS WILL BE INVESTIGATED AND PROSECUTION COULD RESULT.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 8 of 93

#### 2.0 GENERAL

### 2.1. Introduction/Scope

This booklet is intended to acquaint owners, operators, charterers, agents, cargo surveyors/expeditors and masters of vessels with various details of the general conditions, facilities and availability of services at Trieste's SIOT Marine Terminal. This booklet is not intended to take the place of or supersede any information, laws or regulations contained in any official publications with respect to the waters and areas to which it pertains. Reference should be made to the appropriate Hydrographic Office publications and charts as well as to all applicable regulations, laws or enactments which may be in force.

Whilst the information contained in this booklet is intended generally to acquaint owners, operators, charterers, agents, cargo surveyors/expeditors and masters of vessels with the general conditions, facilities and services normally to be at the SIOT Marine Terminal, such information is provided without any guarantee or warranty on the part of SIOT as to its accuracy or completeness and SIOT do not assume, nor accept, any responsibility for the use of any information contained herein by any person. In all circumstances, the Master of the vessel shall remain solely responsible for the safety and safe navigation of his vessel and for compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

#### 2.2. Ownership

The Transalpine Pipeline (TAL) is a joint venture of various mineral oil companies. Its purpose is to import, store and distribute crude oil to their refineries and tank farms in Austria, Germany and Czech Republic. For the operation and administration of the TAL installations in Germany, Austria and Italy three operating companies were founded:

- Deutsche Transalpine Oelleitung GmbH., München
- Transalpine Ölleitung in Österreich Ges.m.b.H., Kienburg
- Società Italiana per l'Oleodotto Transalpino S.p.A., Trieste (SIOT)

#### 2.3. Company Address

SIOT - Società Italiana per l'Oleodotto Transalpino S.p.A. Tankfarm Trieste Via Muggia, 1, San Dorligo della Valle 34147 Trieste

Tel: +39 040 3889 111 E-Mail: siot@tal-oil.com

Legal mail:siot.ufficioprotocollo@cert.assind.ts.it

Website: www.tal-oil.com



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 9 of 93

# 2.4. Liability

# 2.4.1. SIOT's Liability

Without prejudice to the following provisions, SIOT 's liability for damages sustained by the vessel, her cargo, Master, Officers, Crew and any person within the SIOT Port area, shall be subject to the Italian Law.

Any damage or loss, in relation to which it is intended to file a claim for compensation with SIOT, must be submitted to SIOT's attention before the vessel leaves the port area or as soon as practicable thereafter, and, if possible, in the presence of a representative of SIOT and/or the claimant. This shall be confirmed in writing.

### 2.4.2. Ship's Liability

Ship Owners shall be liable to SIOT for any damages and/or losses caused to SIOT by their ship, ship's crew or other persons under their command, unless they can prove that the damage was not caused by negligence on their own part or anyone else under their responsibility, and that, in addition, the damage was not attributable to a defective condition of their vessel or equipment.

Vessels will not be allowed to sail before the Master has signed a" Statement of Fact" in relation to damages and/or losses caused to SIOT by said vessels, and the Master has confirmed the Ship Owner's liability for said damages and/or losses, unless the Ship Owner cannot be held responsible by SIOT.

In presence of any Master disclaimer (i.e. so called "Conditions of use" declarations) that could negatively influence the safety of the operations, the terminal reserves the right, at their absolute discretion, (without limitation) to reject the vessel, suspend or cease the operations and/or remove the vessel from berth.

#### 2.5. Jurisdiction

The General Port Regulations are subject to Italian Law and all claims which may be filed by any of the parties are to be judged by a competent Italian Court.

### 2.6. General Information

### 2.6.1. Time

The Terminal is operated 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Vessels will be moored or unmoored at any hour, weather and other circumstances permitting.

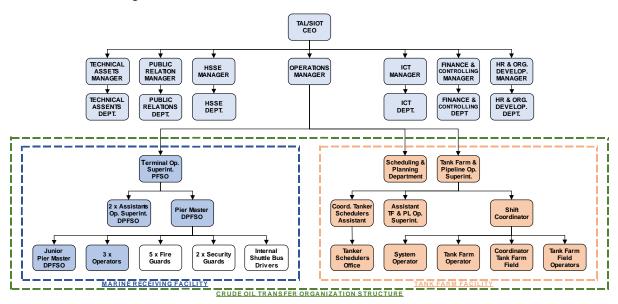
Local Time is GMT +1 hours or World Time Zone A (Summer time is applicable).



#### **TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS**

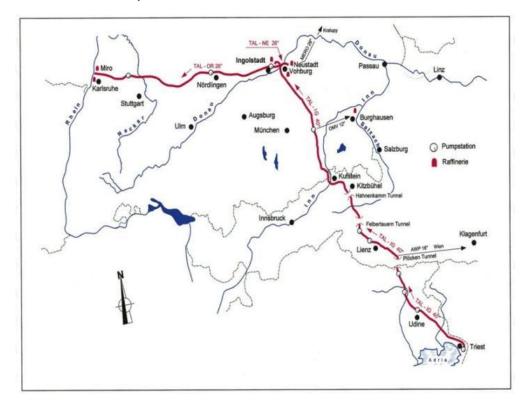
2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 10 of 93

# 2.6.2. SIOT/TAL Organisation



### 2.6.3. Location of the Terminal

The SIOT Marine Receiving Facilities, owned and operated by SIOT (Società Italiana per l'Oleodotto Transalpino S.p.A.), are situated at the North Eastern extremity of the Adriatic Sea, in Muggia Bay at position 45°36'45" N 13°46'36" E and fall under the administration of the Trieste Port Authority. The following plan shows the terminal and the pipeline route into Austria and Germany.





#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 11 of 93

#### 2.7. List of Abbreviations

ASA: American Standards Association

B/L: Bill of Lading

CCTV: Closed Circuit Television

COUs: Conditions of Use

COW: Crude Oil Washing

DAS: Docking Aid System

DPFSO: Deputy Port Facility Security Officer

DWT: Deadweight

ETA: Estimated Time of Arrival

EX: Explosion Proof

GMT: Greenwich Mean Time

GRT: Gross Register Tonnage

I.G.: Inert Gas

IMO: International Maritime Organisation

ISGOTT: International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals

ISPS Code: International Ship and Port Facility Security Code

LBP: Length Between Perpendiculars

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

LOA: Length Overall

LWA: Longitudinal Windage Area

MARPOL: Maritime Pollution Convention

SD MBL: Ship Design Minimum Breaking Load

MEG: Mooring Equipment Guidelines

MEPC: Marine Environmental Protection Committee

MSC: Maritime Safety Committee

MSDS: Material Safety Data Sheet

MSMP: Mooring System Management Plan



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 12 of 93

MSMPR: Mooring System Management Plan Register

MSL: Mean Sea Level

OBQ: On Board Quantity

OCIMF: Oil Companies International Marine Forum

TECHNICAL Plugging or sealing capability of a device (as per its

TIGHTENESS: Manufacturer specifications)

P/V: Pressure / Vacuum

PFSO: Port Facility Security Officer

PFSP: Port Facility Security Plan

PMBL: Parallel Mid-Body Length

PMC: Pre-mooring Check

POLREP: Pollution Report

PPE: Personal Protective Equipment

ROB: Remaining on Board

SBT-PL: Segregated Ballast Tanks – Protective Location

SIOT: Società Italiana per l'Oleodotto Transalpino

SOLAS: Safety of Life at Sea Convention

SSSCL: Ship Shore Safety Check List

TAL: Transalpine Pipeline

TMSA: Tanker Management Self Assessment

TWA: Transverse Windage Area

UKC: Under Keel Clearance

WLL: Working Load Limit



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 13 of 93

#### 3.0 COMMUNICATION

#### 3.1. Pre-Arrival Information

The Master must communicate the ship's ETA at least 72 hours in advance. The 72-hour ETA must be sent to the Harbour Master's Office with copies to the Ship's Agent and SIOT terminal (ship.eta@tal-oil.com). The ETA must be in the form of Appendix 4.

The 72-hour ETA is to be confirmed by a 48/24-hour ETA. The Master is to advise all parties of any change in the ETA thereafter.

#### 3.2. Communications in Roads

While within range, vessels should maintain constant communication with their Agent. The Pilot Station may be called on VHF channel 14. Pilots are informed about movements and any other matters which may possibly affect vessel passage to the port area.

# 3.3. Communications Alongside (Notice 1)

The primary means of ship/shore communications, whilst the ship is alongside, is through the safety inspector via his portable VHF radio on the terminal's private communications channel (same channel as Pier Master and the marine facility control room).

The backup communications system is the Ex telephone placed on board in the cargo control room. To use the Ex telephone, proceed as follows:

- dial 8 for an internal call to the Pier Master
- dial 9 to call the Telephone Operator
- dial 7 and then the outside number for any outside calls (International calls are also possible\*).

The Pier Master can also be called by dialling (external):

Office: +39 040 827003 / Mobile: +39 348 4511932

The Pier Master's Office is equipped with Marine Band VHF channels 10-12-14-16-71-72-73 but a listening watch is not maintained. The last two channels are for SHIP/SHORE communications. Note: Whilst alongside SIOT berths, ships should maintain a listening watch in the cargo control room on VHF channel 72. The Pier Master's Office will call on this channel (however, it is not monitored for incoming calls) if other means of communication fail to raise a response.

Ships alongside may be called by dialling +39 040 828455 or 828456 (instructions available in Italian and English).

In the event of a complete communications failure, all cargo operations must be stopped until communication links have been re-established.

\*A computer system will register all the external calls and print the "numbers called, the time and the costs". Regular invoices will be presented to the vessel via their Agents.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 14 of 93

#### **4.0 HSSE**

#### 4.1. Health

# 4.1.1. Emergency Medical Assistance

Any request for medical assistance should be made through the Ship's Agent before or on arrival. If emergency medical assistance is necessary, this may be called on through the SIOT personnel on watch, or by using the ship/shore Ex telephone by dialling 7 then 112 for the local medical centre. The SIOT Pier Master must be immediately notified.

#### 4.1.2. Drug and Alcohol Policy

The introduction and the use of alcohol and illegal drugs or other psychoactive substances are strictly prohibited at all times and in all areas of the terminal. Anyone apparently intoxicated will not be permitted to enter the terminal (see Section 1.0).

#### 4.1.3. Pandemic

In the event of a serious pandemic, the Terminal shall activate the ship-shore telematic interface, in order to reduce interpersonal contact between the ship's crew and the shore staff to the bare minimum.

Protocols to manage suspected or confirmed infections on board could be adopted, also in coordination with local Authorities.

#### 4.1.4. Noxious Substances

MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) shall be delivered to the terminal before arrival. See MSC resolution 286(86). The same documentation shall be provided for any Noxious or pollutant Substances in parcel if entering the Terminal or being transferred by sea to a vessel alongside (see Section 5.4).

#### 4.1.5. Hydrogen Sulphide (H<sub>2</sub>S)

Cargoes with a Hydrogen Sulphide content up to 200 ppm in liquid phase can be accepted at SIOT/TAL Terminal. Use of  $H_2S$  scavengers must be declared and agreed by the Terminal.

Regarding the matter of hydrogen sulphide, Ordinance no. 108/2024 of Trieste Harbor Master is in force, which prescribes various obligations to be fulfilled by the Ship's Master before arrival and during Ship's staying at berth. Additionally or complementary, the Terminal requires the following.

# **Before arrival**

The vessel shall declare:

- The cargo(es) H<sub>2</sub>S content inside the Cargo(es) Vapour Spaces with sufficient accuracy.
- If any cargo tanks purging has been conducted during laden voyage. If yes, reporting the  $H_2S$  concentration in vapour space before and after the operation.
- Technical Tightness of all cargo tanks penetrations (gauging points, P/V valves, Butterworth<sup>®</sup> holes and so on). Any gas leakage from cargo tanks shall be stopped.
- Number of (working) personal H<sub>2</sub>S analysers available on board.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 15 of 93

#### **At BERTH:**

If crew declared a concentration up to 500 ppm inside the cargo tanks vapours space, SIOT personnel will accompany ship's personnel to witness a check of the Hydrogen Sulphide concentration in the cargo tanks. The measurement will be taken via the vessels vapour lock system which must be properly maintained and tight.

In case of presence of H<sub>2</sub>S on deck, SIOT personnel will use appropriate breathing PPE during the operation. Ship's Master is responsible for the safety on board and shall advise if additional safety measures have to be taken.

# 4.2. Safety

Vessels alongside SIOT berths must comply with the International and National Safety Rules, Guidelines and SIOT requirements with particular regard to operations, ship's equipment, crew's capability and behaviour.

### 4.2.1. Shore Gangway

Each berth is provided with a shore gangway, which is to be positioned on the deck as soon as the berthing manoeuvre is completed. There must be sufficient space available to land the shore gangway on the ship's deck. There must be a safe walkway to the vessel's accommodation access. The main deck and the access walkways and ladders shall be kept safe for walking, free of oil, obstructions or ice. Ship's staff should address requests for adjustment of the shore gangway position to the Safety Inspector on board or directly to shore personnel.

#### 4.2.2. Inert Gas

All cargo tanks and any other tanks connected to the IG system (e.g. residual tanks etc.) shall be "atmosphere inert" and have the IG branch delivery valves locked in open position, unless they are gas free certified by the Port Chemist.

#### 4.2.3. Fire Brigade

A qualified and certified fire brigade is always present at the marine terminal. Frequent inspections are performed on board and on the pier platform while the ship is alongside the berth.

#### 4.2.4. Fire Fighting Installation

The terminal is equipped with a fixed firefighting installation on all berths. The system consists of 2 diesel and 1 electric fire pump (total capacity of 3000 m³/h) with associated foam system and pumps. There are 2 foam/water remote controlled monitors (capacity 6000 l/m) on each pier. A further foam/water remote controlled monitor (capacity 3000 l/m) is located on the vessel access tower at each berth to cover the manifold area. For coverage diagram (see Section 9.5). Each pier is equipped with water and foam hydrants along its length and portable firefighting equipment is located on the jetty and berth platforms (see Section 9.4).

The critical structures of the fire monitors and unloading arms are water-cooled. An additional water cooling system exists under the platforms to protect some of the critical piles. Furthermore, a 30cm foam carpet can be thrown over the lower deck of the operational platforms within 4 minutes. Foam throwers at sea are located under each piers platform.

## 4.2.5. International Ship/Shore Fire Connection

International shore fire connections are available at the top of the gangway access tower for each berth (see Section 9.4).



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 16 of 93

#### 4.2.6. Escape Way

On each pier, there is a water sprinkler system protecting the inland escape way along the jetty access from each berth platform. All ships at berth are requested to make ready at their sea side:

- 1. The life boat for launching at sea (poop free fall life boat not included),
- 2. The gangway to be lowered.

This to permit the crew to abandon the ship if inland escaping way is not safe.

Fire and evacuation drills are held frequently and notification will be issued to the ship if they are to be involved.

# 4.2.7. Emergency Towing-Off Pennants

Emergency towing-off pennants (fire wires) must be properly rigged on the offshore side of the vessel, both forward and aft. A five meters floating messenger is required at the outboard eye. A certified fire resistant synthetic fibre rope as an alternative to wire is accepted by the terminal (see Section 9.14).

#### 4.2.8. Vessel Readiness

Any vessel alongside must at all times maintain:

- main engine readiness at short notice,
- mean draught and trim within MARPOL limitation to permit a safe departure manoeuvre (minimum Mean Draught = 2 + 0,02 L, maximum Trim = 0,015 L).
- a sufficient number of qualified crew to comply with its Company's SMS procedure (see IMO Resolution MSC.353(92)) and to perform a safe departure manoeuvre.

However, during COW operations, it is acceptable for the vessel to attain the minimum trim recommended in the vessel's COW manual, provided that total propeller immersion and rudder effectiveness are maintained.

### 4.2.9. Enclosed Spaces

Entry and Inspection of enclosed spaces (with the exception of the pump room) is not allowed whilst alongside SIOT berths. In exceptional circumstances, permission to undertake enclosed space entry may be granted by the SIOT management representative, subject to inspection and test by the Port Chemist and authorisation from the Harbour Master. A method statement and task risk assessment may be required.

#### 4.2.10. Repairs alongside

In general, repairs are not allowed alongside. A permit can be granted on exceptional basis in order to complete the operations upon the following minimum conditions:

- Vessel suspends the discharge,
- Report in written to the Terminal the ongoing situation,
- A ship's method statement and task risk assessment are submitted to the Terminal,
- Ship's Captain grants the safe condition for any repairs stages,
- Port Captaincy authorized the proposed repairs,
- The proposed repairs activities request maximum 8 hours of discharge interruption (see Section 7.6.4)

Based on this, Terminal could allow the repair at its sole professional judgement.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 17 of 93

#### 4.3. Security

# 4.3.1. ISPS Compliance

The terminal is in compliance with the International Ship and Port Facility Security (ISPS) Code, Part A & B, and Chapter XI-2 of SOLAS. The Security Assessment and the Security Plan have been approved by the Trieste Harbour Security Committee. All ships must comply with the ISPS Code. The Terminal Superintendent is the appointed PFSO whilst the Pier Masters, the Terminal Superintendent Assistants and the Jr. Pier Masters are qualified DPFSO's.

The Terminal Operators, the Security Guards at the Terminal gate, the onboard Safety Inspector, the Fire Brigade, the Shuttle Bus drivers and the crew onboard antipollution patrolling vessels are part of terminal security personnel.

The ship could be requested to participate in exercises or drills jointly with the Terminal.

#### 4.3.2. Crew Lists

The Master must furnish a ship's crew and passenger list. Crew personnel are only permitted to leave the berth and have access to the marine terminal if in possession of a valid ID card, and (where applicable) a shore pass. The Ship's Agent arranges the shore pass system. The documentation of other personnel joining the vessel, validated by the designated authority, must be forwarded to the Terminal by the ship's Agent. The Ship's Agent should always be consulted for updated information on the latest immigration and security authority requirements.

#### 4.3.3. Access to the Terminal

The Master or his Agent shall notify the terminal about any foreseen movement of goods and/or people, with purpose of their visit whilst alongside (i.e. provisions and stores handling, crew change, shore inspectors, vetting, technician, etc.) before vessel berthing using the attached forms (see Section 9.21/9.22).

All persons passing the Port Authority and Customs Gates at the entrance to the Terminal must be in possession of the appropriate "shipboard access communication" issued by Master or Ship's Agent and approved by the PFSO or DPFSO where required, or must be holder of a Port Authority permanent or temporary permit or a different permit released by another competent public Administration (see joint Ordinance 15/02/2024 Harbor Master nr. 4/Port Authority nr. 7). With the exception of crew members and passengers, included respectively in the crew or passenger list, the appropriate communication or permit is necessary to issue the SIOT "Permit of Temporary Access to the Marine Terminal" which is issued by the Pier Master or the Jr. Pier Master on duty (see Section 9.19/9.20). To anyone is requested a valid ID document with photo.

The "Permit of Temporary Access to the Marine Terminal" is not required for persons already in possession of a permanent or annual permit issued by SIOT.

The same communication or permit is required to access the Terminal from the moored ship. Crew members, passengers and other persons who have boarded the vessel at anchorage, must notify the Safety Inspector their intention to access the Terminal and await his authorization after he has consulted the Security Guard at the terminal gate.

Final authority is with the master to allow access on board the vessel. Government and Union Representatives are always allowed to board the ship.

The Terminal and surrounding waters are considered to be a restricted area. Authorisation for boats and other crafts to enter the area may only be granted by the Pier Master or the Jr. Pier Master.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 18 of 93

#### 4.3.4. Safety Paths

Visitors must use marked safety paths at all times within the terminal. Access to restricted areas is prohibited without authorisation from the Pier Master or the Jr. Pier Master.

#### 4.3.5. Shuttle Bus

A security guard is stationed at the entrance gate of the marine terminal to identify all persons. Nobody is permitted to walk along the jetties from/to moored vessels; the use of the bus (available 24 hours a day) is compulsory for this purpose. A waiting room is available at the Terminal gate. Ship's visitors and crew will transit through the Terminal at their own risk. Trieste centre is approximately 5km by road.

#### 4.3.6. Photography

The taking of videos and photographs within the terminal is prohibited without proper authorisation.

#### 4.3.7. Drones

The use of drones is forbidden in the terminal and surrounding area. Authorities and ships will be immediately notified if any are detected and discharging operations will be consequently suspended.

### 4.4. Environment

### 4.4.1. Slops/Oil Waste Reception

SIOT Marine Receiving Facility is not designated as a Port Reception Facility in accordance with the Italian Legislative Decree 8 November 2021, nr. 197, implementing the Directive (UE) 2019/883 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 April 2019. Consequently, discharge of slops, oil or any other cargo related waste to shore is not permitted.

#### 4.4.2. Bilges

All pumping overboard from bilges is prohibited.

#### 4.4.3. Antipollution Service at Sea

In accordance with Harbour Authority regulations, at least one antipollution boat is always present in the area around berthed vessels. Their aim is to strictly monitor the surface and to intervene immediately in the event of even minor pollution (i.e. scrubber residues).

#### 4.4.4. Hazardous and Noxious cargo Vapour Emission

The SIOT Marine Terminal is located close to the densely populated city of Trieste. With respect and consideration for the local population and the authorities, SIOT have imposed restrictions on any operation which could negatively influence the air quality of the coastal zone. Therefore: any vessel calling at Trieste Harbour should strictly avoid the release of any cargo vapours, other hazardous gas, heavy stacks from ship's funnel or excessive smoke generated from the closed loop scrubber or similar systems.

The following procedures/precautions are required of all vessels by way of mitigation:

### **Before arrival:**

- Check all cargo tanks penetrations and eliminate any gas leakage.
- Verify that all cargo tanks P/V valves are fully operative and free to move.
- Verify the full functionality of any fixed and portable gas detection systems and equipment.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 19 of 93

#### In ROADS:

- I.G. recorder to be switched on prior to arrival in roads.
- If the I.G. pressure increases (i.e. due to temperature effect), cooling-down of the main deck is possible using water.
- In extreme conditions, if the pressure rises such that the vapours have to be released in a controlled manner trough mast riser or other similar systems, also to avoid the automatic activation of P/V valves-, ship's Master must notify in advance the Harbor Master and SIOT Terminal, as prescribed by the Ordinance no. 108/2024 of Trieste Harbor Master.

# At BERTH:

- The I.G. pressure should be maintained at a low operative level (but never less than 200 mm WG in the cargo tanks).
- If discharge is interrupted and the pressure increases (e.g. due to temperature effect), cooling-down of the main deck is possible using water, upon notification to the Pier Master, through the Safety Inspector.
- If all efforts are not sufficient to minimize the pressure increase, immediate notification
  must be given to the Pier Master, through the Safety Inspector, well in time before
  critical over pressure is reached, in order to choose the best solution to restore
  acceptable I.G. pressure.

A gas detecting system fits both Piers platforms. The system is able to detect Hydrogen Sulphide as well as Hydrocarbon Vapours. An audible and visible alarm rings when the following concentration values are detected:



#### 4.4.5. Oil Spillage

In order to increase the effectiveness of the ensuing actions and to minimise criminal proceedings:

- MASTERS MUST IMMEDIATELY REPORT TO SIOT PIER MASTER ANY OIL SPILL OR OTHER HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE ESCAPE CAUSED BY THEIR VESSEL, EVEN IF CONTAINED ONBOARD. Complete and forward the appropriate POLREP to the Harbour Master and SIOT Terminal as per the Bonn Agreement recommendation 96/1 for notification of an incident of marine pollution.
- All cargo operations must be stopped and may only be resumed when authorised by SIOT.
- Ship's personnel should take immediate steps to stop the spillage at source.

# 4.4.6. Oil Pollution Detection Devices

Oil Pollution is a matter of fundamental importance to SIOT. Therefore, the marine terminal has been equipped with the means to detect oil on water at an early stage, ensuring prompt response in the event of sea pollution. Equipment installed includes:

 Antipollution low level directional spotlights are installed along each berth in order to allow the detection of oil spills at night.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 20 of 93

- All vessels are requested to keep the bridge wing spotlights clean and operative.
   These lights must be pointed down towards the vessel's sea-chest valve on the side of the vessel away from the berth.
- The water around the berths is also continually monitored by a hi-tech infrared camera imaging system and ultra violet flood lights for the purpose of detecting the presence of oil on water. All collected images are recorded.

look at the UV beam can cause a significant eye injury. Avoid to do so.

# 4.4.7. Oil Pollution Containment/Recovery Systems

- Floating fixed barriers are laid underneath the longitudinal axis of each pier, main trestle and in the way of the piers platforms.
- A pneumatic bubble barrier system is installed. It consists of a plastic pipe with nozzles anchored to the bottom of the sea with dead weights, thus creating a complete loop, which surrounds each individual berth. Vessel's anchors, whilst moored, must have the brake applied and guillotine lowered to avoid accidental release (see Section 9.7). Particular care should be taken in the handling of mooring lines in the vicinity of the berths to avoid excessive slack (dragging lines with ends on the bottom may damage the bubble barrier pipes).
- Additional fast deployment booms and recovery equipment are available at the terminal located in strategic positions ready to be used in case of spillage at sea.

# 4.4.8. Inert Gas System Scrubber Tower Discharge

Discharge of solid soot particles from the scrubber seawater drain may be considered as sea pollution by the local Harbour Master and Terminal, consequently it should be avoided.

### 4.4.9. Garbage & Refuse

No hazardous or pollutant material, garbage or refuse of any kind may be thrown overboard while berthed. The garbage service provided is compulsory and shall be carried out by a local company in accordance with the Harbour Master Ordinance in force.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 21 of 93

#### **5.0 MISCELLANEOUS**

### 5.1. Mooring Service

The operation and release of mooring lines is handled by the "Gruppo Ormeggiatori del Porto di Trieste".

# 5.2. Ships propulsion and Bow Thrusters

To avoid damages to the Piers Permanent Oil Barriers, the ship's propulsion shall be used carefully. In particular the use of bow thrusters is not allowed for manoeuvring close to the piers structures, except in case of an emergency.

### 5.3. Inspections

Only one inspection (e.g. Vetting Inspection or Green Award Certification) is permitted at a time when a ship is berthed at SIOT Marine Facility if no additional personnel are available on board (Owner's Representative, Marine Superintendents etc.).

The following conditions shall apply:

- If Authorities or Ship's Register are inspecting the vessel (PSC, Class survey etc.), 3<sup>rd</sup> party inspections shall be suspended.
- Preference will be given to Shareholder's/Shipper's nominated inspections.
- Operational safety and security are paramount.
- Inspection or testing activity must not compromise cargo operations.
- Inspections to take place in daylight hours only (exceptions may be permitted e.g. if there is an extra officer/engineer or company superintendent on board specifically for the purpose of the inspection).
- SIOT Pier Master or Jr. Pier Master to be consulted prior to any practical test activity (e.g. swing out or engine test of offshore lifeboat or COTs high level alarm).
- SIOT, on its sole professional judgement, has the right to suspend any non-Authority inspections that should influence their operations activities and no cost or expenses can be charged to SIOT.

# 5.4. Ship's Stores and Provisions

If the Terminal is notified in advance, stores and provision may be loaded onto the vessel whilst alongside with the permission of the SIOT Pier Master or Jr. Pier Master at following conditions:

# By shore

- They shall be light and small quantities.
- They must be security checked and shifted to the Terminal shuttle bus to be transported to the piers platform.
- The accesses to the jetty and/or vessel must not be obstructed at any time.
- No item or package to be left unattended inside the terminal.
- Any item so supplied must be capable of being carried in one hand, keeping the other hand free at all times and must not restrict the visibility of the person carrying the item.
- The use of shore cranes is not permitted.
- Any metal parts likely to cause a spark, must be suitably wrapped.



#### **TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS**

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 22 of 93

#### By sea

- All Stores and provisions shall be security checked before entering the terminal waters.
- Storing shall be undertaken during daylight (in particular circumstances, the Pier Master or Jr. Pier Master may authorize the completion of the storing after sunset) using stores crane aft of the accommodation and at the sea side only.
- Storing on the main deck will only be permitted if cargo discharge is stopped and the cargo arms are disconnected. All delays will be to the ship's account.
- Palletized stores can be handled with certified and fit for duty lifting gear only (slings or Japanese nets are not allowed to be use).
- Inside the Terminal waters, only SIOT qualified boat service companies are allowed to operate (ask Agent for up to date list of accredited Operators).
- Provision boat shall have on board at least 2 crewmembers.

Permission of the SIOT Pier Master or Jr. Pier Master must be obtained for all such operations and a method statement and risk assessment for the operation may be required.

Any hazardous or pollutant store or provision to be provided to the ship shall be accompanied by its MSDS to enter the terminal either by shore or by sea.

#### 5.5. Fresh Water

Fresh water supplies are available at all berths at any time through an international shore connection on the platform with a supply rate of approximately 15 m³/h. Ship's personnel are entirely responsible for connection of the supply and for monitoring the quantity supplied at the meter. Please contact SIOT personnel before starting the supply. The terminal does not check or grant the fresh water quality.

### 5.6. Bunker Operations

#### Pipeline

Bunkers are not available by pipeline at SIOT berths.

#### Barge

Bunkering by barge is not permitted by SIOT alongside the jetties.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 23 of 93

#### **6.0 NAVIGATION**

# 6.1. Location (Charts)

Vessels are referred to the appropriate Hydrographic Office publications and official charts for information about navigational aids, landmarks and approaches to SIOT Marine Terminal. Chart extracts of Italian Hydrographic Institute chart numbers 237 & 239 are included in this booklet for illustration purposes only (see Sections 9.1).

# 6.2. Approaches

The Marine Receiving Facilities can be approached from the North Adriatic Sea. A dredged channel joins the gulf of Trieste to the piers. The channel is 1 mile long and 200 metres wide. It is marked by 3 light beacons flashing green, 2 beacons flashing red, and 1 beacon flashing white (see Section 9.1).

In accordance with the Harbour Master Authority Ordinance No.43/2014, the south channel may only be engaged by one vessel – entering or leaving – at a time.

#### 6.3. Climate

### 6.3.1. Temperatures

The mean daily maximum temperatures are 24°C in the summer months and 11°C in the winter months. The mean daily minimum temperatures are 17°C in the summer months and 6°C in the winter months.

#### 6.3.2. Precipitation

There are typically less than 10 days per month with more than 1mm of rain falling. The average monthly rainfall throughout the year remains fairly consistent at about 90mm.

### 6.3.3. Winds

Masters must be aware of the fact that the prevailing wind throughout the year in Trieste, has a NE to ENE direction (known as the Bora) and can blow with little warning. The gusts can reach 180km/h (>100knts) or more within an extremely short period of time.

Masters must also be aware that sudden thunderstorms with gusts up to 130km/h (70knts) are possible from June to November. As these storms normally come from western quadrants, resulting in either NW'ly or SE'ly winds, strict attention must be paid with particular regard to ships having a large longitudinal windage area.

#### 6.3.4. Sea State, Swell and Currents

Sea state, swell and currents in Muggia Bay are negligible and rarely affect shipping at the berth.

#### 6.3.5. Weather Forecast

Weather forecasts are not available at the piers, but a short-range real-time situation is visible in the Pier Master's office on radar. In addition, an internet real time connection to a number of specialised meteorological sites is available. An electrical storm detector is also in use. However, all moored ships are requested to monitor carefully local weather conditions, taking in due time the appropriate measures to assure safety of operations and their safe stay alongside.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 24 of 93

# 6.4. Anchorage

The anchorage position will be indicated by the Pilots via VHF. Compulsory anchorage for tankers awaiting entry is "A" Zone west of Luigi Rizzo Breakwater. If "A" Zone is congested, Tankers are allowed to drop anchor in "B" Zone. The holding ground is reported to be poor. The exact anchorage area for waiting tankers is determined in accordance with the Harbour Master Authority Ordinance No. 43/2014 and is illustrated in the attached chart extract (see Section 9.1).

#### 6.5. Pilots

Pilotage is compulsory while manoeuvring to and from the berths. SIOT does not assume any responsibility for the docking or sailing manoeuvres of any vessel, including towage and mooring, nor for any pollution caused by the vessel. Arriving vessels take on board a pilot about 1½ miles west of the southern end of Luigi Rizzo Breakwater (see Section 9.1).

#### 6.6. Tugs

Tugs are available, with advance notice, to assist in berthing vessels of any size. All tugs are equipped with fire-fighting equipment.

Tugs ESCORT service is compulsory for tankers over 30.000 GRT for berthing and unberthing: the tug towropes are normally used (see Harbour Master specific Ordinance). The number of tugs employed will vary according to the size of the vessel and the prevailing weather conditions. The following is a summary of the tugs stationed in Trieste with their principal statistics:

	Year Built	Propulsion	Bollard Pull	GRT	LOA	Draft
Altair(*)	2001	Voith	53T	452	32.5	5.3
Centurion	2015	Azimuth	74T	463	32.5	4.3
Davide	2008	Azimuth	88T	443	32.5	4.4
Deneb	1997	Voith	41T	364	30.0	5.5
Gladiator(*)	2012	Azimuth	70T	466	32.5	4.3
Taur	2000	Voith	52T	452	32.5	5.3
Vega	1998	Azimuth	54T	360	30.0	4.7

<sup>(\*)</sup> fire extinguishing foam onboard

- this list is subject to change without notice -

#### 6.7. Traffic Obstructions

Ship Owners are under obligation to remove, or have removed, in the shortest possible time, any obstructions in the port area which resulted from damage or other causes attributable to their vessels or to auxiliary crafts at their service, and may affect SIOT's operations. If the removal of such obstructions is not performed within a reasonable time, SIOT has the right to remove such obstructions using any means available, at the Ship Owner's expense, after having given due notification to the Ship Owner/Operator.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 25 of 93

#### 7.0 ACCEPTANCE

# 7.1. Ships screening, acceptance and nomination

# 7.1.1. Tanker Acceptance Check

Ships are safety and commercially screened, accepted and nominated by TAL Shippers, based on their individual standards and SIOT Terminal requirement.

To support the acceptance process, SIOT/TAL made available a web based tool called TAC - Terminal Acceptance Check (see annex 9 as an example of TAC report) reachable as follow:

- Register the user on the website HTTPS://TASCO.TAL-OIL.COM/,
- Once in TASCO, access the TAC by following the path:
   "Access to TIMOS" → "Basic Data" → "Tanker Acceptance Check".

TAC SHALL BE INTENDED AS A MERE SUPPORT TOOL; ACCEPTANCE PROCESS REMAINS UNDER EXCLUSIVE RESPONSIBILITY OF SIOT/TAL SHIPPERS.

### 7.1.2. Basis for Acceptance

- Only Vessels, unreceptively of their size, that comply with MARPOL Annex 1
  Regulation 18.12/19 (and are therefore defined as SBT-PL or Double Hull vessels)
  and with Regulation 33 (COW requirements) are allowed to berth at SIOT Marine
  Terminal.
- Vessels having a cargo pumping capability of at least 5% of the total cargo capacity.

### 7.2. Pre-Mooring Safety Inspection

#### 7.2.1. Overview

SIOT operates a system of pre-mooring safety inspections (also called PMC – Pre-mooring Check) for all vessels calling at its terminal. The purpose of the inspections is to ensure that the ship, her equipment, fittings and crew are in compliance with the requirements of the present booklet, MARPOL, SOLAS, ISGOTT, MEG and other industry guidance and regulations.

Pre-mooring safety inspections will be performed by an appointed inspector, weather permitting, when the vessel arrives at anchor. Such inspections are required in all cases if a vessel has not previously called at the terminal and subsequently for all visits at 12 monthly intervals or every 6 months for vessels older than 15 years.

In case at the previous call at SIOT Terminal the vessel departed with some minor deficiencies, not deserving of a warning or refusal, the terminal can require an extraordinary Pre-mooring inspection, if ship's Master or Operator doesn't provide the terminal with evidence that same deficiencies have been rectified. In this case the inspection can be conducted in road only.

Additionally, a pre-mooring check will be required in case of:

- Reduced berth availability.
- Ship's re-acceptance after Warning/Refusal (see Section 7.2.2 e 7.2.3).
- Particular circumstances for which SIOT reserves the right to request a premooring inspection of any vessel at its sole discretion, at any time.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 26 of 93

In case of any deficiency in the above requirements, SIOT reserves the right to refuse the vessel permission to berth until the said deficiency has been corrected.

A copy of the pre-mooring safety inspection checklist is included as Appendix 8.

### 7.2.2. Warning

All vessels not fulfilling National and International rules, guidelines or SIOT requirements shall be warned by notice to TAL Shippers. Following such a warning, a vessel will only be accepted for a further voyage if one of the following processes is finalized before the ship is nominated for Trieste or before loading cargo for SIOT Terminal (which one is first):

- a) Request for re-admittance by a TAL Shipper based on the following documentation:
  - Declaration of positive Shipper screening.
  - Evidence of Ship's operator that the criticality/observation stated by warning was corrected (comprehensive incident investigation report covering root causes, corrective actions and preventive actions is preferred).
- b) Request for re-admittance by ship's Operator based on the following documentation:
  - Evidence that the criticality/observation stated by warning was corrected (comprehensive incident investigation report covering root causes, corrective actions and preventive actions is preferred).
  - Evidence that vessel, after the warning is issued, had been submitted to a satisfactory SIRE vetting inspection during discharge by an independent OCIMF recognised inspector on behalf of a TAL Shipper.



The vessel has to pass a SIOT pre-mooring inspection on the next visit.

### 7.2.3. Refusal List

Vessels will be included in SIOT's refusal list after any of the following:

- 2 or more consecutive warnings.
- 2 consecutive cases of exceeding maximum berth occupancy time (see Section 7.6).
- If a relevant incident or near incident occurs.
- Impact SIOT/TAL reputation.
- Substandard condition or due to the crew's incapability.
- Serious failing in company procedures, management and/or organisation.
- Ship retained at berth by Harbour Master\*.
- (\*) An extra charge, based on current tariffs increased by 50%, for all Terminal provided services is foreseen in these cases.

Vessels on the SIOT refusal list may be re-accepted if one of the following processes is finalized before the ship is nominated for Trieste or before loading cargo for SIOT Terminal (which one is first):

- a) Request for re-admittance by a TAL Shipper based on the following documentation:
  - Declaration of positive Shipper screening.
  - Evidence of Ship's operator that the criticality/observation stated by refusal was corrected (comprehensive incident investigation report covering root causes, corrective actions and preventive actions is preferred).
  - The vessel's Technical Operator is assessed positively by an OCIMF TMSA framework or equivalent audit with SIOT attendance\* for Terminal clearance.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 27 of 93

- b) Request for re-admittance by ship's Operator based on the following documentation:
  - Evidence that the criticality/observation stated by refusal was corrected (comprehensive incident investigation report covering root causes, corrective actions and preventive actions is preferred).
  - Evidence that vessel, after the refusal is issued, had been submitted to a satisfactory SIRE vetting inspection during discharge by an independent OCIMF recognised inspector on behalf of a TAL Shipper.
  - The vessel's Technical Operator is assessed positively by an OCIMF TMSA framework or equivalent audit with SIOT attendance\* for Terminal clearance.
- (\*) All costs and expenses related to the SIOT audit attendance (travelling and lodging) plus 5000,00 € fee will be on Ship's Operator account.

The vessel has to pass a SIOT pre-mooring inspection on the next visit.

If the reason for the refusal can be ascribed to the Ship's Technical Operator organization and/or management system, a satisfactory COMPANY/Technical Operator AUDIT (e.g. TMSA) shall be conducted within a period of 6 months from the date of the refusal. After this period, failing the conditions stated, all COMPANY/Technical Operator vessels calling SIOT Terminal will be submitted to an extraordinary pre-mooring check performed in road only, unless the Operator didn't change.

# 7.3. UKC Policy

The Harbour Master requires that an Under Keel Clearance (Static) of 90 cm is maintained at all times whilst alongside. This UKC policy is applicable to all vessels visiting SIOT Marine Facility, Trieste.

Tidal range in Trieste varies from 0.2 m at neaps to 1.2 m at spring tides. Actual predicted levels can result in depths less than that charted. Furthermore, water levels may rise or fall as much as 0.6 m with respect to the predicted level due to exceptional meteorological conditions. The Terminal is equipped with a real time electronic tide gauge.

The depth of the dredged harbour, the approaches to the piers and the depth alongside berths No. 2, 3 and 4 are not less than 17.40 m with respect to Mean Sea Level and at berth No. 1 the depth is not less than 16.90 m.

Vessels that arrive with the reported (see Appendix 4 item AA sub 12) maximum draught close to the limit value (i.e. 16.20 m for berths 2, 3 & 4 and 15.70 m for berth 1) must have the arrival draft checked visually in the roads prior to berthing. This visual check will be performed by the pilot if the vessel is berthing on arrival, otherwise by a safety inspector (if the vessel is to be subjected to PMC) or by dedicated draught check service. Furthermore, if the draft of the vessel after loading was not checked visually at the load port, the following limit values will apply for draft checks on arrival (16.00 m for berths 2, 3 & 4 and 15.50 m for berth 1).

Where the vessel is to be subjected to PMC, visual draught check shall be carried out in any case where the declared arrival draught is greater than or equal to 15.50 m.

The Master may request the Terminal to provide the draft check service if required.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 28 of 93

# 7.3.2. Discharge over the Tide

Vessels with draft close to the above limitation are cleared for berthing when there is positive and rising tide (above sea MSL). In order to always grant an under keel clearance of 90 cm when alongside, a calculation of the tidal prediction will be made and the range of time for starting the discharge operations over the tide and to ensure the UKC of 90 cm in the worst condition (minimum tide) will be communicated to these vessels. Should the vessel not be able to start the discharge operations during this range of time, she shall vacate the berth.

To extend the calculated time window, ship's Master and Shipper(s) will be strongly invited to perform ship cargo(es) tanks sampling and gauging at road before berthing.

If the time window is less than 8 hours, sampling and gauging at road are mandatory.

The calculation is based on official local tide tables, which can be provided upon request.

### 7.3.3. Sea Water Density

Sea water Density varies by the season from 1,025 to 1,027 g/cm.

#### 7.4. Dimensional Criteria:

	Berth No 1	Berth No 2	Berth No 3	Berth No 4
Water Depth MSL (m)	16.9	17.4	17.4	17.4
Max Draft (m)	16	16.5	16.5	16.5
Min Dwt (tonnes)	16,500	16,500	16,500	16,500
Max Arrival Displ. (tonnes)	190,000	125,000	210,000	210,000
Min LOA (m)	160	160	160	160
Max LOA (m)	285	255	305	328
Max Beam (m)	55	45	58	58
Min PMBL (m) - Ballast	50	50	50	50
Max Manifold Height (m) (above MSL)	23	23	23	23.5
Max LWA (m <sup>2</sup> ) (see 7.4.5) (Longitudinal Windage Area)	6000	6000	7000	7000
<b>Max TWA (</b> m <sup>2</sup> ) (see 7.4.5) (Transverse Windage Area)	2200	2200	1600	1600

# 7.5. Moorings

#### 7.5.1. General

The number of mooring and breasting dolphins are represented in the following table, where MD means mooring dolphins, BD/MD means breasting dolphins fitted with mooring hooks and BD means breasting dolphins not fitted with mooring hooks.

Berth	MD	BD/MD	BD
1	8	4	2
2	7	4	2
3	5	4	2
4	5	4	2

Most mooring dolphins are fitted with a capstan and quick release mooring hooks. A mooring load monitoring system is provided. For information regarding the hook capacity see Section 9.8.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 29 of 93

Vessels will be moored bow-out. In exceptional circumstances, at the Pilot's request, a vessel may be moored bow-in at berth No.2.

The maximum (side) speed of approach on berths 1 and 2 is 0.15 m/sec, while on berths 3 and 4 it is 0.10 m/sec, with a maximum berthing angle of 4°. A Wi-Fi Docking Aid System (DAS), infrared laser based, is operative at the berths and the approach data is displayed on the Pier Master's Ex smartphone assisting the manoeuvre.

To avoid any electronic interference with this system, any on board Wi-Fi net should be switched off during the vessel final approach to the berth and during ship's stay alongside.

Ship's moorings should be frequently monitored and adjusted as necessary during the discharge. Shore personnel will check the moorings periodically to satisfy themselves that they are being properly tended. All mooring lines should be tight and the vessel should remain in contact with the fenders at all times.

Before to adjust the stern lines, the safety inspector shall be notified and the terminal permission shall be received.

# 7.5.2. Minimum Moorings

SIOT requests the following "minimum mooring requirements" but responsibility for safe and effective mooring of the vessel remains with the Master.

For all vessels:

- A minimum of 14 lines are required of which at least 12 must be installed on drums.
- All breast and spring lines shall be installed on drums.
- For vessels greater than 100K SDWT tonnes (referred to the maximum SDWT in case of multiple DWT), all lines must be wires or high-modulus synthetic fibre ropes and installed on drums.

Please note that for reasons of safety, the local mooring service (see Section 5.1) requests that wire moorings shall be fitted with 11m synthetic tails in accordance with guidance in the OCIMF publication MEG. In addition, high modulus ropes if used, should also be fitted with 11m synthetic tails to permit better distribution of load between all mooring lines.

These guidelines should be considered as a minimum requirement. They can in no way be construed as a basis for any claim or action whatsoever – nor can liability be placed on SIOT as a result of any action taken by the Master in following or neglecting these requirements or part of them. SIOT reserves the right to undertake any actions which are, in SIOT's opinion, necessary to protect its property and/or the property of third parties.

# 7.5.3. Terminal Mooring lines safety and maintenance criteria

Due to the Terminal design and the peculiarities of the local weather, SIOT has a mooring lines safety and maintenance criteria requirements in place minimizing the mooring operators risk to be injured during their duties by a ship's broken mooring line. Based on the results of the risk assessment conducted, in addition to the OCIMF MEG, international best practice, mooring lines manufacturer's instructions and its ship's company policy, the following practice will apply as minimum criteria:

- a) All mooring lines shall have a residual strength not less than 75% of ship design MBL.
- b) Hand splicing mooring wires cannot be use at SIOT Terminal.
- c) All synthetic tail shall have a max 2000 hours service retirement.
- d) Ropes and mooring tails made by:
  - i. Polyamide (i.e. nylon), or



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 30 of 93

ii. Other synthetic fibers having the elongation at breaking higher than 20%, cannot be use at SIOT Terminal. Polyester (PES/PET) fibers are preferred.

The manufacturer certificates reporting the construction material and the elongation characteristics of the mooring ropes/tails shall be available on board.

- e) Every 30 months all wires ends shall be cropped and mechanically re-spliced, alternatively «end-to-ended».
- f) Wires «end-to-end» practice accepted one time only.
- g) Mounted wires maximum 90 months in use.
- h) Yearly or every 1000 hrs of use (whom comes first) steel wires high pressure greasing.
- i) The ship is required to have a Mooring System Management Plan in place with its Register updated Accurate ship's log required.

Any ship that does not comply to the above criteria could be denied to berth and warned first, then refused at the next call if the mooring criticality will be not rectified by her Operator.

The terminal shall send in advance to the arriving vessels, after receiving the first ETA notice, a questionnaire (see Appendix 10) to be filled in by the Ship's Master, in order to verify compliance with the above-mentioned criteria. The relevant documents, mooring logs, inventory etc., shall be checked by the pre-mooring check Inspector (if the vessel is to be subjected to PMC as per Section 7.2.1.) or by Safety Inspector (see Section 8.1.1.) once the vessel is moored.

7.5.4. Use of Heaving line with "monkey's fist" or I.M.O "bags"

With reference of:

- a. The Trieste Harbour Master's Office messages titled:
  - «Occupational Safety: correct use of the Heaving line equipped with the socalled "monkey's fist" for the passage of mooring / towing cables» U.0011901.09-05-2017 and
  - «Safety of mooring and towing operations: use of the so-called heaving line for the transfer of cables» U.0019406.09-08- 2019,
- b. E.T.A. (European Tug owners Association) 2015 guidelines (1st edition February 2015 Guidelines for Safe Harbour Towage Operations),

To all Ship's it is asked to use exclusively monkey's fist in compliance with I.M.O. regulations, with appropriate weight free of elements that can lead to injuries.

Best practices have shown that sand bags, properly filled, guarantee the best safety standards.

#### 7.5.5. Mooring Analysis

The mooring arrangement of all vessels scheduled to berth at SIOT Terminal will be evaluated using mainly the STATIC or DYNAMIC version of the "Optimoor® Mooring Analysis Software" by Tension Technology International (<a href="www.tensiontech.com">www.tensiontech.com</a>), where possible, prior to berthing. Vessels should send to SIOT with their "72hrs pre-arrival message" all the data necessary for the analysis. The form and guidance at Section 9.9/9.10 in this document may be used to submit the required data.

A positive outcome from the preliminary "Optimoor®" mooring analysis (see Section 9.11) is an essential pre-requisite for berthing along with a valid SIOT pre-mooring inspection (see Section 7.2). Due allowance is made for inspection and collection of data on a vessel's first visit to SIOT Marine Terminal.

Such mooring assessment will permit SIOT to identify for each ship:



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 31 of 93

- The most efficient mooring pattern.
- Any criticalities and the conditions under which they are expected to occur.
- If any, the minimum draft (max. windage area at the berth) to meet the OCIMF requirements for the mooring lines Work Load Limit (WLL) in case of winds of 60 knots from any directions (wind rose) or to 72 knots for dominant wind (Bora). Even more, if stronger weather conditions are expected.

If the mooring analysis and/or mooring lines conditions indicate the potential for critical situations to arise, SIOT, to protect its installation, shall:

- Before berthing: change assigned berth, postpone berthing manoeuvre if the
  expected severity of the weather (forecast) would be incompatible with her safe
  mooring. However, the ship will be advised about the Optimoor® results.
- Ship alongside: if weather conditions worsen, request the vessel to discontinue cargo operations, disconnect the discharging arms, reinforce the moorings and/or tighten up the lines. It may also be considered a necessary precaution to load extra ballast (to reduce the windage area).

At SIOT's discretion, the Pier Master shall request the tugs to assist the vessel and in extreme circumstances may instruct the vessel to vacate the berth. In such cases, all extra costs and/or delays will be charged to the vessel. Use of tugs is possible with 15 minutes notice.

### 7.5.6. Windage Area

Vessels should normally keep their longitudinal windage area as small as possible by ballasting during discharge operations (see Section 9.15).

# 7.6. Berth Occupancy

#### 7.6.1. Overall Time

The estimated discharge time and the time for normal ballast operations shall be mutually agreed upon between SIOT and the Master or his authorised representative during the pre-cargo transfer conference. The pumping program shall be determined in agreement with SIOT and the Master. Fresh water, if requested, should if possible be taken during discharge.

#### 7.6.2. Vacating the Berth

In case of emergency, SIOT is entitled to interrupt discharging and have the berth cleared. Upon completion of discharge and ballast operations, the vessel shall vacate the berth in accordance with safety considerations.

#### 7.6.3. Maximum Allowable Berth Occupancy

The maximum berth occupancy time of tankers shall be determined according to the table below which depends on the cargo quantity; no difference is made for Sundays and holidays:

Maximum Allowable Berth Occupancy					
Cargo Size K.mt Excl. COW Incl. COW					
Up to 50	27	33			
50 to 100	30	36			
Over 100	33	39			



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 32 of 93

It is anticipated that the effective unloading rate per hour shall be in excess of 5% of the total cargo capacity of the respective vessel.

SIOT will refuse the vessel at the second consecutive case of exceeding maximum berth occupancy time.

### 7.6.4. Berth Occupancy Calculation

Berth Occupancy shall commence when the vessel has its first line ashore and shall end when the last rope is cast off, usually half an hour after the Pilot boards the ship before departure.

If the unloading is delayed or stopped due to circumstances beyond the control of the Master and/or Shipper, the running hours shall be extended for the same period of time lost. If there were any slow-downs at the request of SIOT, the berth occupancy time shall be also extended taking into account the new discharge rate requested and the ship's discharge rate available. Any period exceeding the running hours listed above requires special approval from SIOT.

Discharge operations should be carried out, as far as possible, without interruption and within the shortest possible time. Any period exceeding the maximum allowable berth occupancy requires special approval from SIOT/TAL. In exceptional circumstances TAL has the right to request a tanker to vacate the berth. Exceptional circumstances are, among others:

- Discharge interruption for more than 8 hours due to ship's failure.
- Vessel exceeding the maximum allowed berthing hours by factor 2.

In such cases, all extra costs and/or delays will be charged to the vessel.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 33 of 93

#### 8.0 CARGO HANDLING

### 8.1. Manning Levels

# 8.1.1. Safety Inspector

A Safety Inspector will board the vessel immediately after berthing and will remain on board the ship until its departure (in shifts). The Inspector's primary role will be that of an independent observer, though his advice or guidance on local requirements and procedures may be sought at any time. He is the ship's primary contact point and can immediately contact the Pier Master or Control Room at any time. The onboard Safety Inspector is involved in the application of the PFSP and related procedures.

His activities do not relieve the vessel's management from their responsibilities at any time. Full co-operation with the Safety Inspector is required. At no time shall the Inspector interfere with the authority of the vessel's management or SIOT. On departure, the Safety Inspectors present on board will submit a full report of their observations on board to SIOT and to the final Consignee.

#### 8.1.2. Berth Manning

The terminal provides sufficient manpower to ensure that all operational and emergency conditions can be conducted in a safe manner. Berths are manned normally from the ship's arrival until the start of the cargo discharge operations and from completion of discharge until departure. During cargo discharge operations the berth will not be manned. The berth and cargo operations are monitored from the control room which is located at the root of the piers. The control room, which is operational 24 hours a day, is equipped with CCTV monitoring and recording, communications and alarm systems and other electronic devices.

#### 8.1.3. Vessel Manning

During the vessel's stay alongside, the cargo control room and the ship's manifolds (shore side) must be continuously manned; the cargo manifold in use monitored and the pump room (if applicable) frequently inspected. Sufficient officers and crew must remain on board the vessel throughout her stay to deal with any emergency situation that may arise.

#### 8.2. Berth Information

The Marine Receiving Facilities comprise two finger piers, each with a berth on either side: berths 1 and 2 on pier 1; berths 3 and 4 on pier 2. Both piers are fitted with 2 transfer lines: lines A and B on pier 1; lines C and D on pier 2.

A maximum of 4 ships can be received at one time. Each berth has a dedicated shoreline of 36" up to the root of the pier, then 42" for a further 5 km to the Tank Farm. Non-return valves are fitted on the jetty platform and the jetty root to prevent back-flow of cargo to the vessel. All tanks at the SIOT tank farm have pad elevations of between 16 & 43m above sea level.

#### 8.3. Unloading Arms

Three FMC articulated unloading arms with quick-release couplings are positioned at berths No.1, 3 and 4, while two arms of the same type are positioned at berth No.2. The quick release arm couplings can be adjusted to fit manifold sizes from 12" to 16" x 150 ASA. All are fitted with integral insulated flanges. Working range diagrams for the loading arms on each berth are included in Sections 9.16/17/18.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 34 of 93

# 8.4. Ship's Manifold

Ships should comply in all respects with the requirements in the latest edition of the OCIMF publication "Recommendations for Oil and Chemical Tanker Manifolds and Associated Equipment".

Ships shall provide an adequate fixed or portable access fittings to allow a safe access and an easy escape way from all the manifold's working platform, with particular attention for the area between the connections (see as example the picture below).



All the portable stairs, ramps or other fittings made available shall be arranged to be properly secured to the manifold platform edge.

Any ship that does not comply with the above, will be inserted in TAL Terminal warning list first. Repetition of this would lead to ship's Refusal.

#### 8.5. Closed Operations

All cargo operations and related activities must be conducted under closed conditions. Use of vapour lock system is mandatory to gauge the cargo spaces at all times. No gas freeing, purging or tank cleaning operations are permitted alongside SIOT berths. All cargo tank openings shall be gas tight and leakage free.

### 8.6. Cargo Discharge

Discharge rates of up to 4,000 m<sup>3</sup>/hr for each arm connected, are allowed at all berths. The maximum pressure permitted at the shore gauge is 10 bar (145 psi).

The maximum cargo temperature for shorelines B and C is 40 °C, and for shorelines A and D is 50 °C.

Under particular circumstances SIOT may reduce the maximum discharge temperature through shorelines A or D to 40 °C.

The minimum discharge temperature is grade pour point +10 °C from June to October and grade pour point +15 °C from November to May.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 35 of 93

Viscosity not to exceed 200 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) at 50°C and in no case shall exceed 500 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt) at the receipt temperature less 5°C.

Any delay due to failure to comply with the above parameters will be charged to the vessel.

The number of cargo arms in use shall be kept to the minimum number required to facilitate an efficient discharge, thus ensuring the quickest disconnection possible in the event of worsening weather conditions.

When starting the discharge, the cargo unloading arms and the ship's manifolds/lines are to be checked by the ship's Duty Officer to ascertain whether there are any leaks. When discharge operations are completed, the cargo transfer arms and manifold piping are to be drained empty and the valves on the vessel manifolds closed prior to disconnecting. Immediately after disconnecting, blank flanges are to be installed on the manifold of the vessel and fully bolted.

Note: Vessels are not allowed to use compressed air or nitrogen to drain their manifolds.

Vessels unable to drain empty the manifold piping in closed condition (i.e. vapour lock) and in a reasonable time will be considered sub-standard, and consequently warned.

### 8.7. Cargo Surveyor/Expeditor

All parties involved in a cargo may appoint a cargo inspector/expeditor to act on their behalf subject to prior notification to the Terminal. In their absence of cargo inspectors, the ship will perform the measurements and communicate the cargo figures (TOV, TCV<sub>D</sub>, TCV<sub>L</sub>, Temp<sub>Av</sub>, Free Water, OBQ and VEF) and, where applicable, segregated slop tank or residual tank oil and water volume, to the Terminal Control room. In this case, the vessel shall provide the terminal with a ship's tanks composite average sample of at least 8 litres for each cargo on board. Bunker tanks, and any other spaces may be also checked.

A Terminal representative could assist the gauging and sampling operation start, due to verify the subsistence of the safety conditions (i.e. VLS and gauging/sampling devices tightness, use of appropriate PPE by the crew etc.).

#### 8.8. Environmental Criteria

The Operational parameters at this Terminal are as follows:

Operation	Description	Beaufort Scale	Wind Speed
Stop Cargo Ops and disconnect unloading arms	Gale Force	Force 8	60 Km/h (abt. 32.5Knts) In case of gusty wind, calculated on 20 sec gust.
*Vacate the berth	In consideration of the Optimoor® assessment outcome		About 110 Km/h (60 Knots)

\*The decision to vacate the berth is subject to discussion and agreement between the Master, the terminal representative and the pilot. This decision may be taken at any time regardless of the aforementioned criteria, if a situation is causing concern. Tug assistance is normally available at 15mins notice if required.

Cargo will be stopped and the ship's manifold valves and the cargo arm valves will be closed if an electrical storm passes within 15 km of the terminal (see Section 6.3.5).



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 36 of 93

# 8.9. Sampling

An average sample from the ship's tanks of a minimum volume of 8 litres will be taken for each cargo grade by the cargo surveyor or ship's personnel.

During discharging, a continuous sample will be produced by an automatic sampler device on the shore pipeline.

For certain cargoes (i.e. high H<sub>2</sub>S cargoes, high viscosity or and/or high pour point cargoes), the terminal could request sampling of cargo tanks in the roads and sample analysis before berthing.

## 8.10. ISGOTT 6 Ship/Shore Safety Check List and Pre Cargo Transfer Conference

Composition of the Ship/Shore Safety Check List (SSSCL)

The SSSCL comprises 9 main parts addressing the transfer of Bulk liquids. These are applicable to all operations. Taking in account the operation allowed alongside, the applicable parts of ISGOTT SSSCL are:

- Part 1A tanker: checks pre-arrival,
- Part 1B tanker: checks pre-arrival if using an inert gas system,
- Part 2 terminal: checks pre-arrival,
- Part 3 tanker: checks after mooring,
- Part 4 terminal: checks after mooring,
- Part 5a tanker and terminal: pre-transfer conference\*,
- Part 6 tanker and Terminal: agreements pre-transfer,
- Part 7A tanker: checks pre-transfer,
- Part 7B tanker: checks pre-transfer if crude oil washing is planned,
- Part 8 tanker: repetitive checks during and after transfer,
- Part 9 terminal: repetitive checks during and after transfer.

The checks foreseen in parts 1A, 1B and 2 of SSSCL are carried out independently by terminal and ship's representative after the berth has been assigned but before the POB time. In the event of a negative outcome of the required checks, the other party must be immediately informed.

The checks foreseen in parts 3 and 4 of SSSCL are carried out independently by terminal and ship's representative after the mooring operations have been completed.

The results of the checks required in part 1A, 1B, 2, 3 and 4 must be available for the consultation by the other party during the pre-discharge conference.

Parts 5a, 6, 7a and 7b of SSSCL are jointly compiled by Terminal and Ship's representatives by exchanging all the necessary information and by carrying out all the checks provided therein.

In case necessary, an extra part of the SSSCL with additional information may be added to the document.

The checks foreseen in parts 8 and 9 of SSSCL are generally carried out independently by Terminal and Ship's representative at least every 4 hours after the competition of the pre-discharge conference. For mutual safety, a Terminal Representative may request time to time a Responsible Officer to jointly inspect the vessel to ensure that it is effectively managing its obligation agreed in the SSSCL. The record of the checks must be available for the other party on request. In the event of a negative outcome of the required checks, the other party must be immediately informed.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 37 of 93

During the discharge operation the safety inspector will perform periodical physical checks on board based on SSSCL requirements. These checks must be considered independent from those required for on-board personnel. Ship's representative is requested to facilitate the safety inspector by providing the authorizations and the personnel necessary for their execution. The checks results are recorded in a dedicated checklist.

\*Once on board, the Pier Master (or Junior Pier Master) and Safety Inspector will conduct a safety tour of the vessel accompanied by a ship's officer. Any deficiencies noted will be brought to the attention of the accompanying officer who must arrange for corrective action to be undertaken immediately.

On completion of the safety walk around, the Pier Master (or Junior Pier Master) will proceed to the ship's cargo office and complete the Safety Letter (Appendix 1), the Ship Shore Safety Check List (SSSCL - Appendix 2), the pre-cargo transfer conference (Appendix 3) and other documentation, prior to the commencement of cargo operations.

#### 8.11. Crude Oil Washing

Prior to commencing Crude Oil Washing (COW) operations, the Master must be in possession of a signed authorisation to proceed from the Harbour Master (Appendix 7). The authorisation is issued following completion of a set procedure which is initiated upon receipt in the Harbour Master's office of the 72 hours ETA in the prescribed form (see Section 3.1).

The full procedure is described in the specific Harbour Master Ordinance. The following are the key remaining steps required and the prescribed forms are copied in this document for information as follows (this process is usually undertaken 24/7):

- Inspection for Authorisation to perform COW Operations (Appendix 5) by the vessel's nominated Classification Society (not the vessel's own Classification Society).
- Inspection and test for issue of the Inert Condition Certificate for Crude Oil Washing (Appendix 6) by the Port Chemist.
- Issue of Authorisation by the Harbour Master (Appendix 7) following completion of these two inspections.

Determination for the suitability of cargo with the "Minimum MARPOL" COW operations shall be determined in accordance of IMO Requirements as amended by the 43rd MEPC and 21st Assembly.

During the C.O.W. operation the safety inspector will perform periodical physical checks on board based on dedicated check lists. These checks must be considered independent from those required for on-board personnel. Ship's representative is requested to facilitate the safety inspector by providing the authorisations and the personnel necessary for their execution. The checks results are recorded in a dedicated checklist.

### 8.12. Cargo Free Water Disposal

The practical rules governing receipt of cargoes at the Marine Receiving Facilities for the TAL pipeline (SIOT Terminal) require that the Free Water Content is not to exceed 1.0%. However, a VESSEL IS ALLOWED to berth & discharge if she is able to reduce the free water content of the cargo to less than 1% by one of the following means:

- Ship is able to water cut and segregate the free water on board.
- Ship disposes her cargo free water to a barge at road.



#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 38 of 93

#### 8.13. End Of Discharge

The completion of the discharge shall be agreed by both, Shipper or his representative and the Master, and both shall sign a "remaining on board certificate" (ROB).

#### 8.14. Tanks Inspection On Sailing

On completion of discharge the cargo inspector or, in his absence the ship's personnel, shall measure the ROB in all the empty tanks and the contents of tanks with cargo for other ports and these figures shall be communicated to the terminal. Where applicable, segregated slop tank or residual tank oil and water volume shall also be checked. Bunker tanks and any other spaces may be also checked.

A terminal representative could assist the ROB measurement start, due to verify the subsistence of the safety conditions (i.e. VLS and devices tightness, use of appropriate PPE by the crew etc.).

### 8.15. Cargo Documents

The following documents are required on or before arrival:

- Original Bill of Lading or copy bearing the original Master's signature and the ship's stamp.
- Cargo manifest with the Master's signature and the ship's stamp.
- Cargo certificate of origin.
- Cargo certificate of quality.
- Loading port ullage report.
- Loading port OBQ and/or Slop certificate.
- Ship's protest for free water in the cargo.
- Ship's protest for difference between B/L quantity and ship's quantity after loading.
- Loading port Vessel experience factor statement.
- MSDS for each cargo grade present on board.
- Discharge Plan.

#### 8.16. SIOT Documents

The following standard documents shall be issued:

- Cargo discharge preliminary agreement (Appendix 3).
- Tanker Time Sheet.
- Safety Letter (Appendix 1).
- Ship-Shore Safety Check List (Appendix 2).

The following documents should be issued if necessary:

- Notice of protest for excessive net berth occupancy time.
- Statement regarding sea pollution by ship.
- Notice for excessive trim at the bow while ullaging.
- Notice of protest for improper mooring arrangement.
- Optimoor<sup>®</sup> analysis report.

Should any other complaint arise which may affect the quantity or the quality of the cargo, or the discharge operations, SIOT may lodge a protest in writing, the receipt of which must be confirmed by the Master.

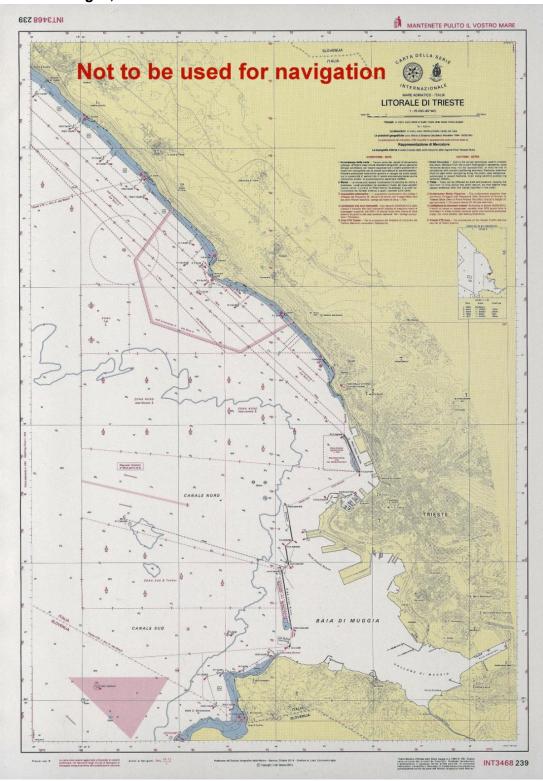


#### **TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS**

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 39 of 93

### 9.0 DRAWINGS, EXAMPLES, FORMS ETC.

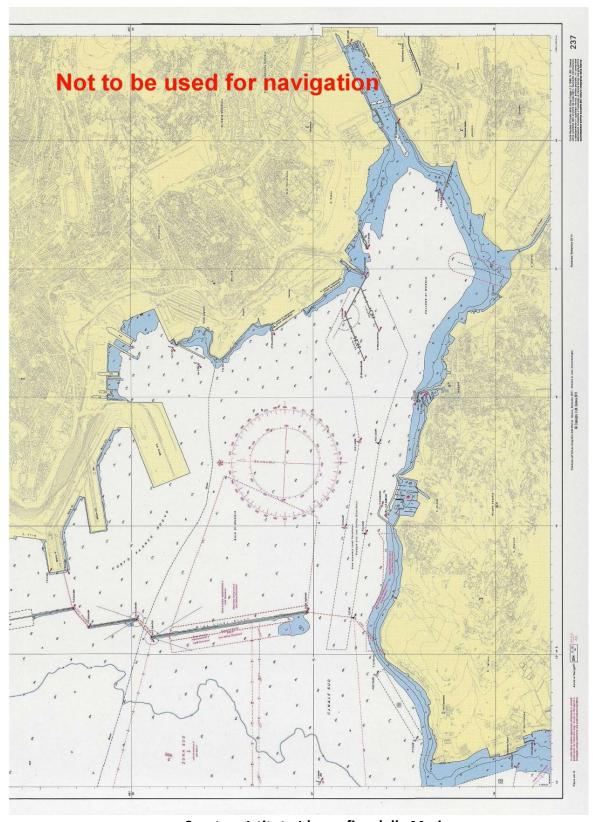
### 9.1. Anchorages, Channel & Harbour Plan





#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 40 of 93



**Courtesy Istituto Idrografico della Marina** 

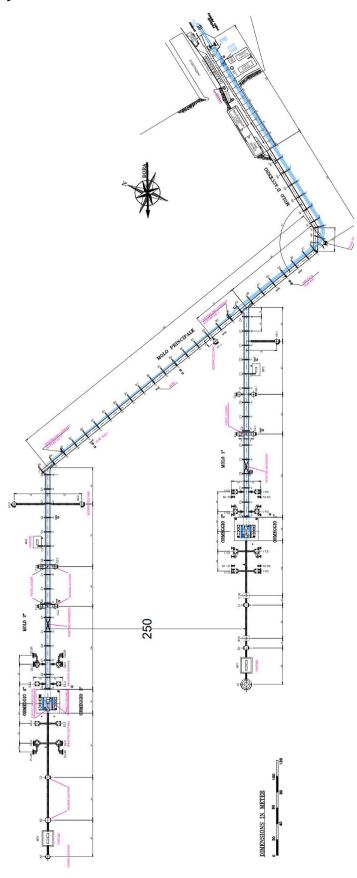
**Could be not latest Chart edition** 



### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 41 of 93

### 9.2. Terminal Layout



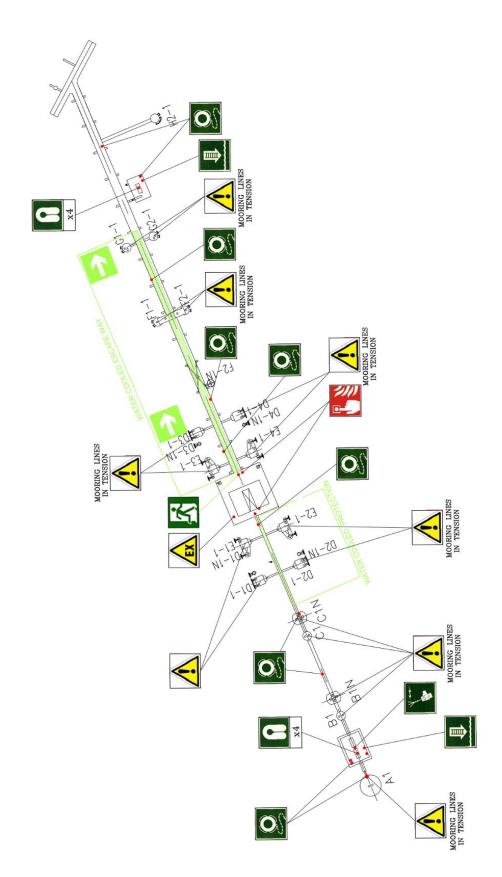


### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 42 of 93

# 9.3. Safety Plan (Jetty)

### Pier 1

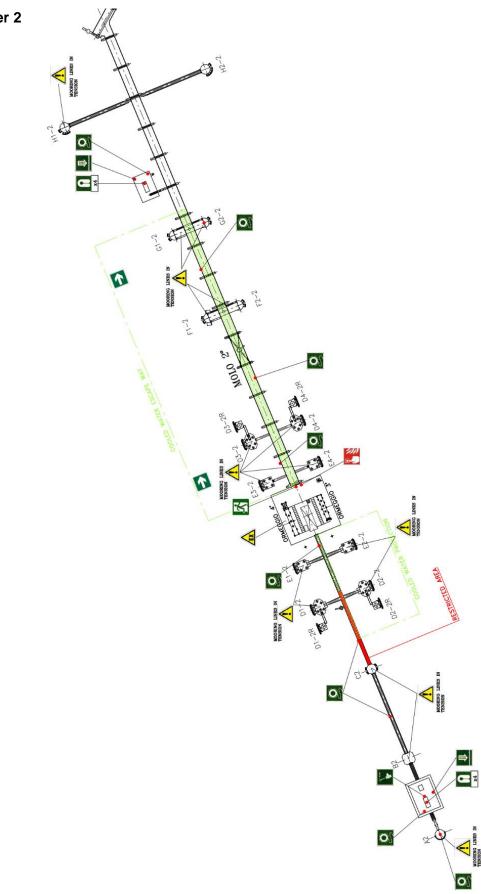




TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 43 of 93

Pier 2

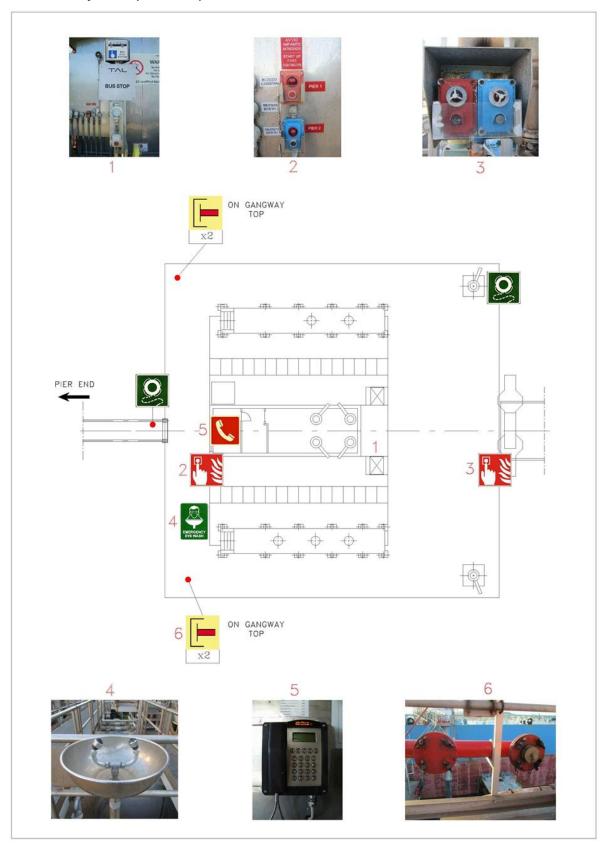




#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 44 of 93

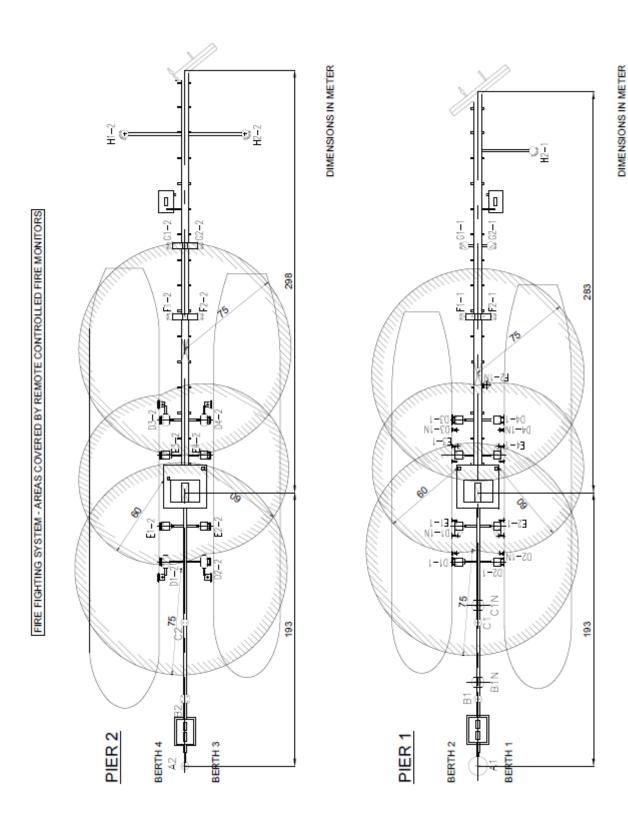
# 9.4. Safety Plan (Platform)



TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 45 of 93

### 9.5. Fire Monitor Coverage

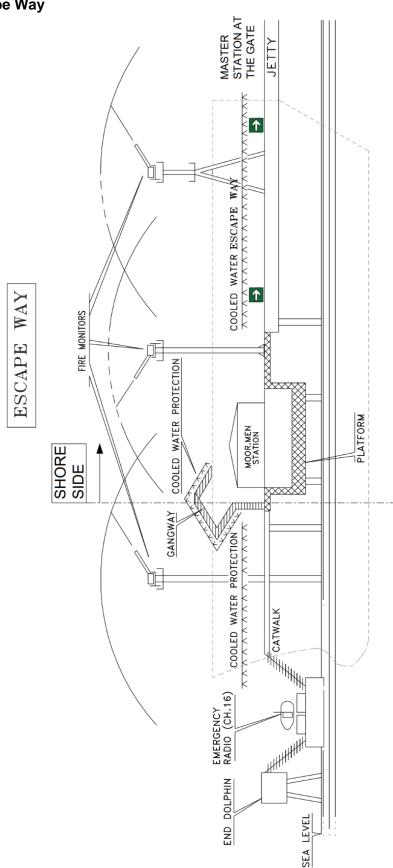




#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 46 of 93

# 9.6. Escape Way



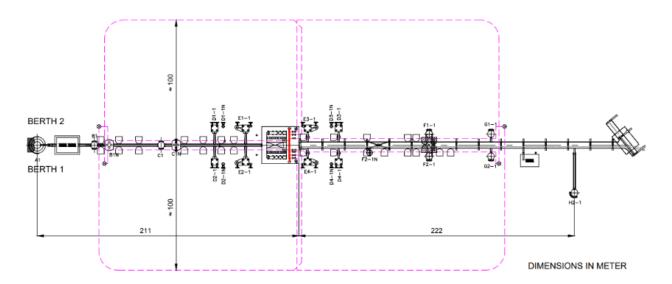


#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 47 of 93

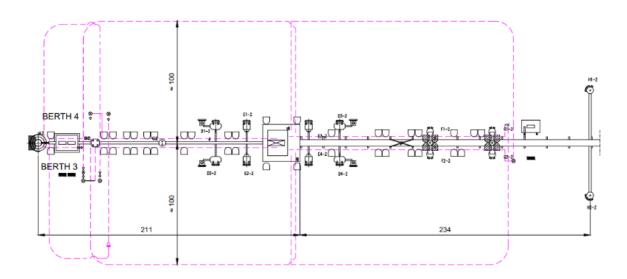
### 9.7. Bubble Barriers and Oil Spill Detection System

### PIER 1



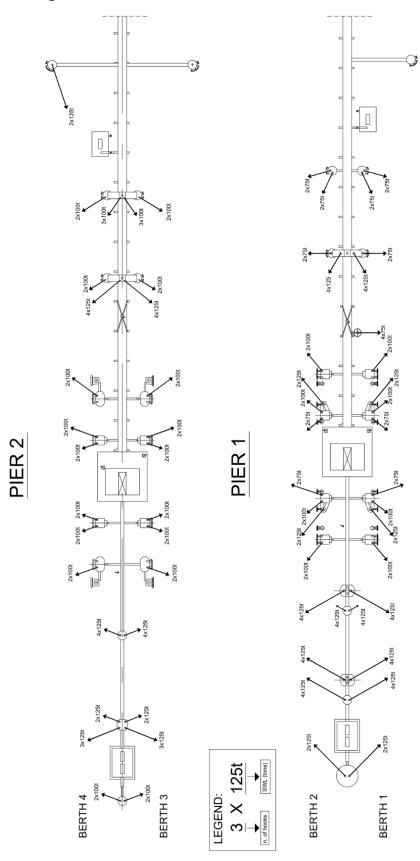
- ANTIPOLLUTION LIGHT
- OIL SPILL DETECTION ULTRA-VIOLET LIGHT & INFRA-RED CCTV
- EACH PONTOON EQUIPPED WITH CONTAINERIZED FLOATING BOOMS
- --- SUBMERGED PNEUMATIC BARRIERS LOOPS

### PIER 2



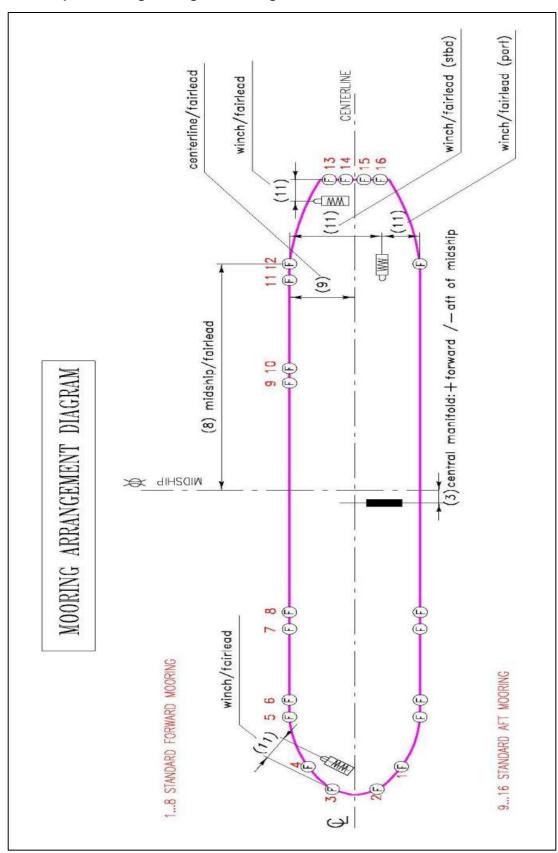
2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 48 of 93

### 9.8. Mooring Points



2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 49 of 93

### 9.9. Ship's Mooring Arrangement Diagram





### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 50 of 93

### 9.1

	PARED TO SHIP IN		оппо	NAME											0.
CONDITION"   LOA:   LABP:   Moulded Depth:   Britantial Superstructures above main deck, windage area:   End-On <sup>4</sup>   End-On <sup></sup>	"BALLAST CONDITION"         LOA: DISBACES in metres         LOA: SUPERITURINES         LOA: TONNER LANGER         LOA: TONNER LANGER         Mounted of Manifold: TONNER LANGER         Mounted of Depth: Tonner LANGER         Mounted of Manifold: Tonner LANGER         Mounted of Manifold: Tonner LANGER         LOA: TONNER LANGER         TONNER LANGER         TONNER LANGER         TONNER LANGER         TONNER LANGER         ARR           CENTRELINES AND CRAFTE LOW: TONNER LANGER LANGER         (m)         A 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 ARR         ARR         ARR           CENTRELINES AND CRAFTE LOW: TONNER LANGER LANGER         (m)         A 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 ARR         A 7 8 9 10 ARR         A 7 8 9 10 ARR           DIADET TONNER LANGER LANGER AND CRAFTER (mm)         (m)         A 4 16 ARR         <	DATA REFERRED TO SHIP IN	בור בורי												
PMBL FMD   PMBL AFT   Centre of Manifold:   End-Ont	PMBL FWD   PMBL FWD   PMBL AFT?   Centre of Manifold:   End-Onf 4   S   6   7   8   9   10   ARR ARCHEO/SHORT (from forward)   1   2   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   2   3   3   4   S   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT (ENGRIENME/ARCEAD** (mt))   1   3   3   3   4   3   3   3   3   3   3	"BALLAST CONDITION"	LOA:			LBP:				Monlde	d Depth:			Breadth:	
Superstructures above main deck, windage area:   End-On4   ARR   FORWARD LINES	Superstructures above main deck, windage area:   End-On4	Distances in metres	PMBL FV	VD1		PMBL A	FT <sup>2</sup>			Centre of	Manifold:				
FORWARD LINES <sup>6</sup>	FORWARD LINES\$   MOORING LINE NUMBER? (from torward)   1 2 3 4 6 6 7 8 9 10 DAAF   MOORING LINE NUMBER? (from torward)   1 2 3 4 6 6 7 8 9 10 DAAF   MOORING LINE NUMBER? (from torward)   1 2 3 4 6 6 7 8 9 10 DAAF   MOORING LINE (MIN)		Superstru	ctures al	ove mair	n deck, w	indage an	ea:		End	-On <sup>4</sup>			Side	
Fig. (from forward)   1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   DRAFT	MICHAPINABERP' (From forward)   1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   DAAFI MICHAPINELED* (mt)					FOR	WARDII	NES							gΣ
(mi)	DRAFT   DRAF	MOORING LINE NUMBER <sup>7</sup> (from forward)	_	2	က	4	5	9	7	80	6	10	ARR.		
(mt)	CENTRELINE FARIEAD® (mt)												DRAFT	∢	
(mt)	HT ABOVE MANIDECK*** BITTYMNICH TO FAIRLEAD*** (port) (mt) BITTYMNICH TO FAIRLEAD*** (port) (port) BITTYMNICH TO FAIRLEAD*** (port) (port) BITTYMNICH BRAVE LIMIT (fornes)  APT LINES**  MOOGNING LINE (nones)  APT LINES**  APT LINES**  APT LINES**  MOOGNING LINE (nones)  APT LINES**  APT LINES**  MOOGNING LINE (nones)  APT LINES**  APT LINES**  MOOGNING TO FAIRLEAD**  M													TRIM	
AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 DEP.  DEP.  TYPE <sup>12</sup> , WIRE	BITT/WINCH TO FARLEAD <sup>11</sup> (part) (mt)   BITT/WINCH TO FARLEAD <sup>11</sup> (part) (mt)   BITT/WINCH TO FARLEAD <sup>11</sup> (part) (mt)   TYPEE <sup>12</sup>   TYPE													MEAN	
AFTLINES <sup>6</sup> AFTLINES <sup>6</sup> 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 DEP.  DEP.  DRAFT  TYPE <sup>12</sup> , WIRE  TYPE <sup>13</sup> , NYLOP  TYPE <sup>13</sup> , NYLOP  TYPE <sup>13</sup> , NYLOP	Figure   Family   F														
AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 DEP.  DRAFT  ITYPE <sup>13</sup> .NYLON  N  N  TYPE <sup>13</sup> .NYLON  TYPE <sup>13</sup> .NYLON  TYPE <sup>13</sup> .NYLON	TYPE 1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2														
AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 DEP.  DRAFT  N  N  N  TYPE <sup>13</sup> .NYLON  TYPE <sup>13</sup> .NYLON  TYPE <sup>13</sup> .NYLON  TYPE <sup>13</sup> .NYLON	Paralle   Compacing   Compac												<b>TYPE<sup>12</sup>: V</b>	VIRE	-
AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> 11	TAPL ENAMETER (mm)         TAPLE LIAMITER (mm)	STRENGTH OF LINE (Tonnes)													
AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> 11	TALL STRENGTH (mt)         TALL STRENGTH (mt)         TALL STRENGTH (mt)         TALL STRENGTH (mones)         AFT LINES®           MINCH BRAKE LIMIT (Tonnes)         AFT LINES®         AFT LINES®         AFT LINES®           MOORING LINE NUMBER? (from forward)         11         12         13         14         16         17         18         19         DEP           MIDSHIPFARILEAD®         HT ABOVE MAINDECK®         BITTANINCH TO FAIRLEAD®         BITTAN	TAIL DIAMETER (mm)											TYPE <sup>13</sup> :N	YLON	
AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 DEP.  DRAFT  N  N  N  TYPE <sup>13</sup> .NYLOF	TALL STRENGTH (Tonnes)         AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> MOORING LINE NUMBER <sup>7</sup> (from forward)         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         19         20           MOORING LINE NUMBER <sup>7</sup> (from forward)         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         19         20         DEP           MIDSHIPFARELEAD <sup>9</sup> HTABOVE MAINDECK <sup>10</sup> HTAPPE <sup>1</sup> HTAPPE <sup>1</sup> ININE DIA         STRENGHT OF LINE         TAPPE <sup>1</sup> TTAPPE <sup>1</sup> TTAPPE <sup>1</sup> TTAPPE <sup>1</sup> TALL STRENGHT         TALL STRENGHT         TALL STRENGHT         HTAPPA         HTAP														
AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 DEP.  DRAFT  N  TYPE <sup>12</sup> .WIRE	MINCH BRAKE LIMIT (Tonnes)         AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> MOORING LINE NUMBER? (from forward)         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         19         20         DEP           MIDSHIPFAIR LEAD <sup>®</sup> MIDSHIPFA	TAIL STRENGTH (Tonnes)													
AFT LINES <sup>6</sup> 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 DEP.  DRAFT  N  TYPE <sup>13</sup> :NYLOI	MOORING LINE NUMBER? (from forward)         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         19         20         DEAF           MIDSHIPFAIRLEAD®         CENTRELINE/FAIRLEAD®         CENTRELINE/FAIRLEAD®         CENTRELINE/FAIRLEAD®         CENTRELINE         CENTRELINE </td <td>WINCH BRAKE LIMIT (Tonnes)</td> <td></td>	WINCH BRAKE LIMIT (Tonnes)													
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 DEP.  DRAFT  N  TYPE <sup>12</sup> -WIRE	MOORING LINE NUMBER? (from forward)         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         19         20         DEAF1           MIDSHIP/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE         CENTRELINE<					A	FT LINES	90							
DRAFT  N  TYPE <sup>12</sup> :WIRE	MIDSHIPFARILEAD®         DRAFT           CENTRELINE/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE/FARILEAD®         CENTRELINE CARRILEAD®         CENTRELINE CARRILEAD®         CENTRELINE	MOORING LINE NUMBER <sup>7</sup> (from forward)	1	12	13	l	15		17	18	19	20	DEP.	ш	
TYPE <sup>12</sup> .WIRE	CENTRELINE/FAIRLEAD³         CENTRELINE/FAIRLEAD³         CENTRELINE/FAIRLEAD³         CENTRELINE/FAIRLEAD¹¹ (port)         CENTRELINE/FAIRLEAD¹¹ (stad)         CENTRELINE         CENTRELIAD¹¹ (stad)         CENTRELIAD²¹ (stad)         CENTRELIAD¹¹ (stad)         CENTRELIAD¹² (stad)         CENTRELIAD² (stad) <td>MIDSHIP/FAIRLEAD<sup>8</sup></td> <td></td> <td>DRAFT</td> <td>A</td> <td></td>	MIDSHIP/FAIRLEAD <sup>8</sup>											DRAFT	A	
TYPE <sup>12</sup> .WIRE	HT ABOVE MANDECK¹⁰         HT ABOVE MANDECK¹⁰         PROVE MANDECK¹⁰         PROVE MANDECK¹⁰         PROVE MANDECK¹⁰         PROVEMBRY MANDECK¹⁰         PROVEMBRY MANDECK¹         PROVEMBRY MANDECK¹         PROVEMBRY MANDECK MAN	CENTRELINE/FAIRLEAD <sup>9</sup>												TRIM	
	BITT/WINCH TO FAIR LEAD¹¹ (stbd)         Propertion         Propertion <td>HT ABOVE MAINDECK<sup>10</sup></td> <td></td> <td>MEAN</td> <td></td>	HT ABOVE MAINDECK <sup>10</sup>												MEAN	
	BITT/WINCH TO FAIRLEAD¹¹ (stbd)         TYPE¹².           LINE DIA.         TYPE¹².           STRENGHT OF LINE         TYPE¹³.           TAIL DAMETER         TYPE¹³.           TAIL LENGHT         TYPE¹³.           TAIL STRENGHT         TYPE¹³.           WINNCH BRAKE LIMIT         Strange COMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 2) Parallel Body. Aft to mid-point manifold - ballast [see OCIMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 3) distance from	BITT/WINCH TO FAIRLEAD <sup>11</sup> (port)													
	LINE DIA         TYPE <sup>12</sup> : DIANE           STRENGHT OF LINE         TYPE <sup>12</sup> : TYPE <sup>13</sup> : TYPE <sup>13</sup> : TAIL ENGHT           TAIL LENGHT         TYPE <sup>13</sup> : TAIL STRENGHT           WININCH BRAKE LIMIT         TAIL ENGHO HYPQ® point 1.6.24] - 2) Parallel Body. Aft to mid-point manifold - ballast [see OCIMF HVPQ® point 1.6.24] - 3) distance from	BITT/WINCH TO FAIRLEAD <sup>11</sup> (stbd)													
	STRENGHT OF LINE         TYPE 13:1           TAIL DIAMETER         TYPE 13:1           TAIL LENGHT         TYPE 13:1           TAIL LENGHT         TAIL STRENGHT           WINICH BRAKE LIMIT         TYPE 13:1           Notes: 1) Parallel Body. Forward to mid-point manifold - ballast [see OCIMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 2) Parallel Body, Aff to mid-point manifold - ballast [see OCIMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 3) distance from	LINE DIA.											TYPE <sup>12</sup> :M	VIRE	
	TAIL DIAMETER         TYPE <sup>13</sup> : I           TAIL LENGHT         TAIL STRENGHT	STRENGHT OF LINE													
TAIL ENGHT         TAIL STRENGHT         TAIL STRENGHT           WINCH BRAKE LIMIT         TAIL STRENGHT         TAIL STRENGHT	TAIL LENGHT         TAIL LENGHT         TAIL STRENGHT         TAIL STRENGH	TAIL DIAMETER											TYPE <sup>13</sup> :N	YLON	
TALL STRENGHT TA	TAIL STRENGHT WINCH BRAKE LIMIT Notes: 1) Parallel Body, Forward to mid-point manifold - ballast [see OCIMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 2) Parallel Body, Aft to mid-point manifold [see OCIMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 3) distance from	TAIL LENGHT													
WINCH BRAKE LIMIT	WINCH BRAKE LIMIT  Notes: 1) Parallel Body, Forward to mid-point manifold - ballast [see OCIMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 2) Parallel Body, Aft to mid-point manifold [see OCIMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 3) distance from	TAIL STRENGHT													
	Notes: 1) Parallel Body, Forward to mid-point manifold - ballast [see OCIMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 2) Parallel Body, Aft to mid-point manifold [see OCIMF HVPQ6 point 1.6.24] - 3) distance from	WINCH BRAKE LIMIT													

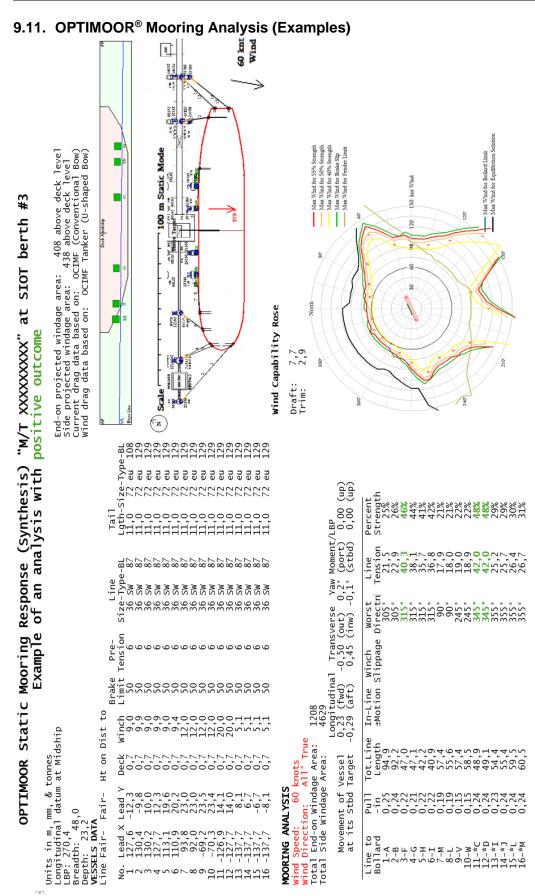
from midship to fairlead used for mooring line 1, 2, 3,.... - 9) distance from centreline to fairlead used for mooring line to fairlead used for mooring line is made fast on bitt) or from winch drum, to fairlead used for the mooring line. 12) type = line type: nylon, poly, wire, special (high tensile)...etc - 13) type = tail type: nylon, poly... etc.

\* Delete as applicable - All ship's measurements should be taken from official General Arrangement Plan and OCIMF HVPQ6.



2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 51 of 93

#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

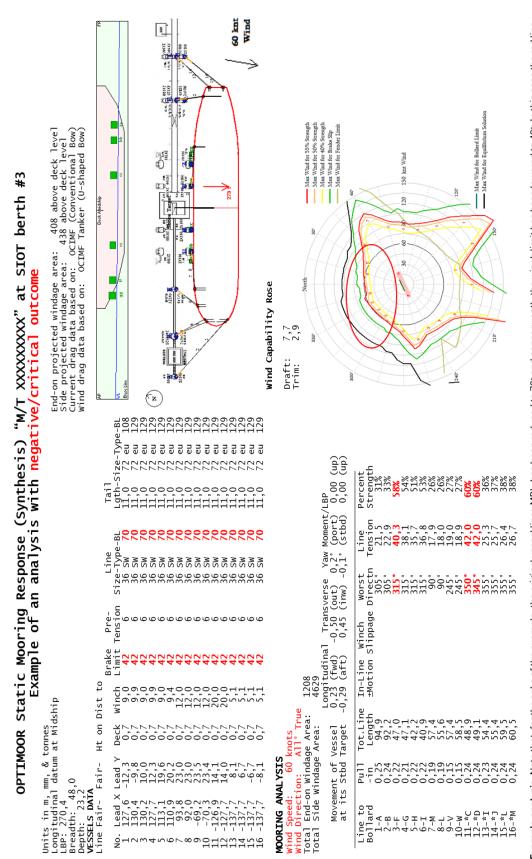


considered, the wind speed that would lead to a tension of 55% of the LDBF. In this case the system, starting from the data provided (vessel data), does not detect any direction for which the wind with an intensity lower than 60kn leads the mooring lines to a stress greater than 55% of the LBDF (for synthetic ropes, the limit is 50% of LDBF). The worst cases are reported for the directions **Example analysis**: The result of the analysis is reported both in the mooring analysis section and in the wind rose section. The red line of the wind rose section shows, for each wind direction 315° and 345° where the tension reaches 46% and 48% of the LBDF respectively, in compliance with the MEG guidelines for the considered mooring lines (Steel Wires).



2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 52 of 93

#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS



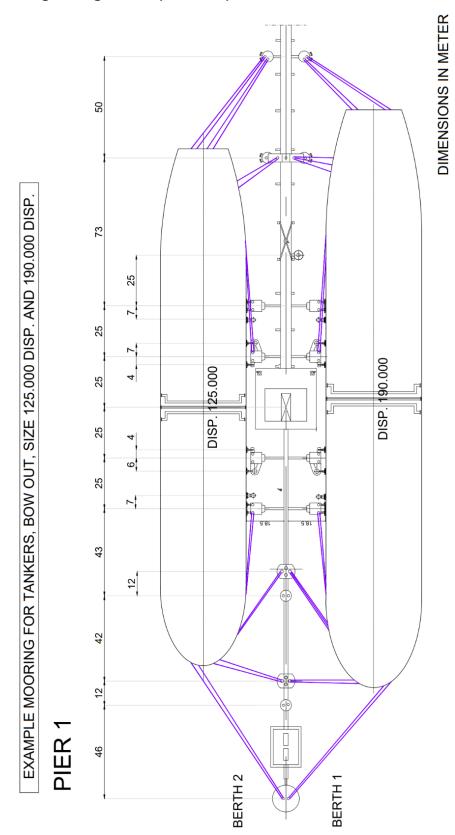
reaches 58% and 60% of the LBDF respectively. The reported output is not in compliance with the MEG guidelines for the considered mooring lines (Steel Wires). No winch slippage detected since Example analysis: Note that, for the sake of the example, the original vessel lines MBL has been reduced to 70t and consequently the winch limit has been lowered to 42t. In this case the red line of the wind rose section (see the red circled area in the wind capability rose) shows that, starting from the data provided, there are directions for which the wind with an intensity lower than 60kn leads the mooring lines to a stress greater than 55% of the LBDF (for synthetic ropes, the limit is 50% of LDBF). The worst cases are reported for the directions 315° and 345° where the tension the worst line tension equals to brake limit.



TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 53 of 93

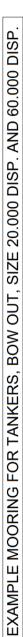
### 9.12. Mooring Arrangements (Pier No 1)

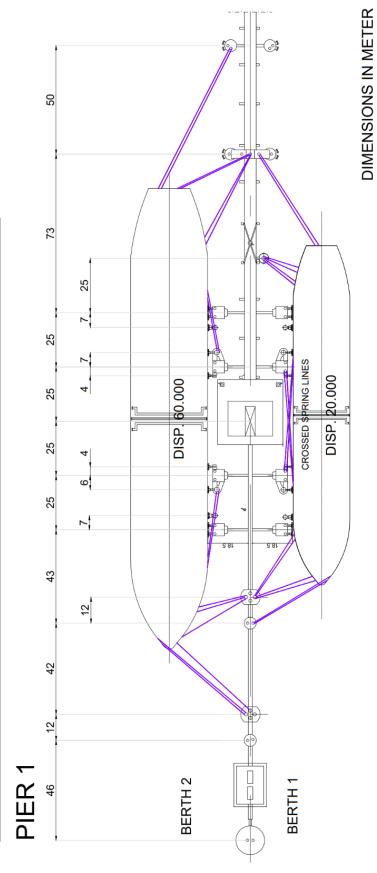




TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 54 of 93



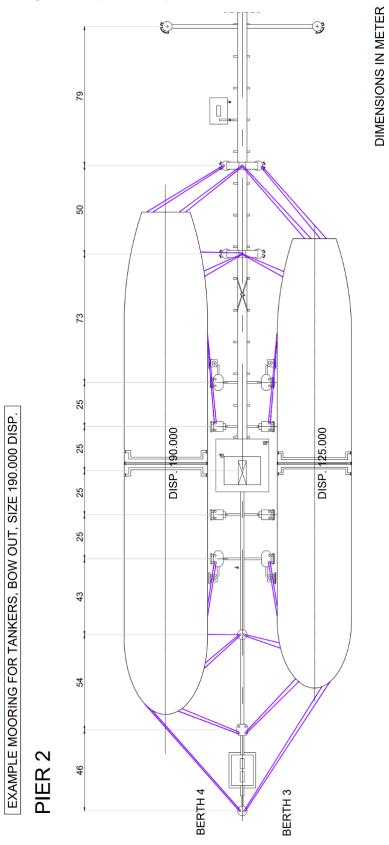




TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 55 of 93

### 9.13. Mooring Arrangements (Pier No 2)

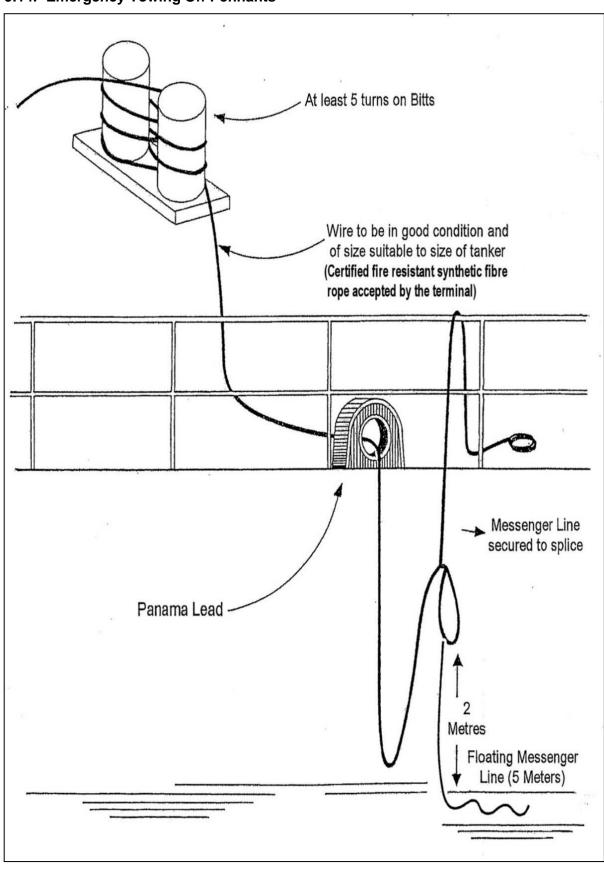




TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 56 of 93

### 9.14. Emergency Towing Off Pennants

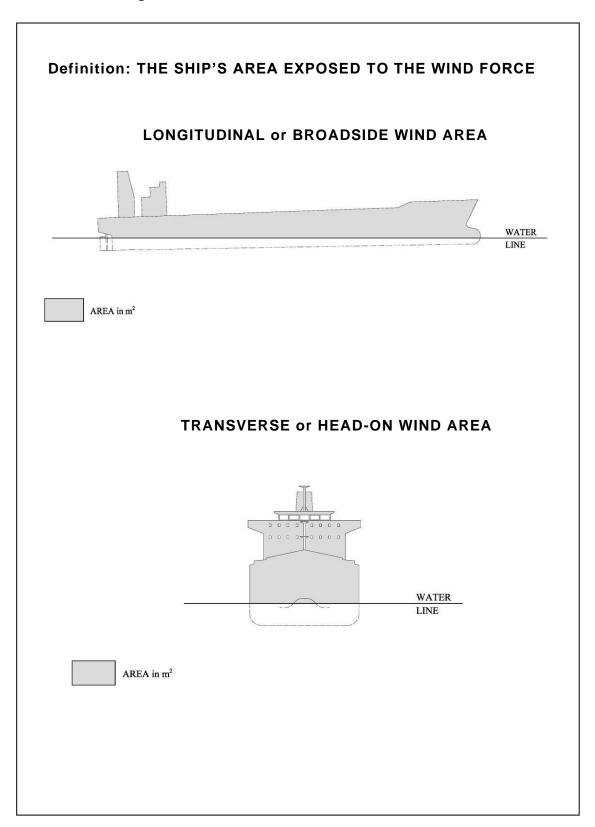




TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 57 of 93

### 9.15. VSL's Windage Areas

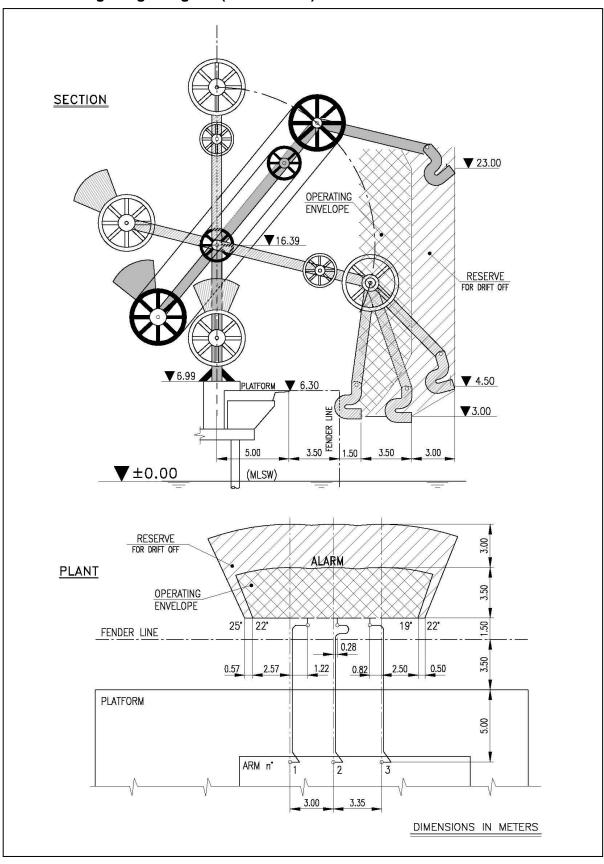




TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 58 of 93

### 9.16. Working Range Diagram (Berths 1 & 3)

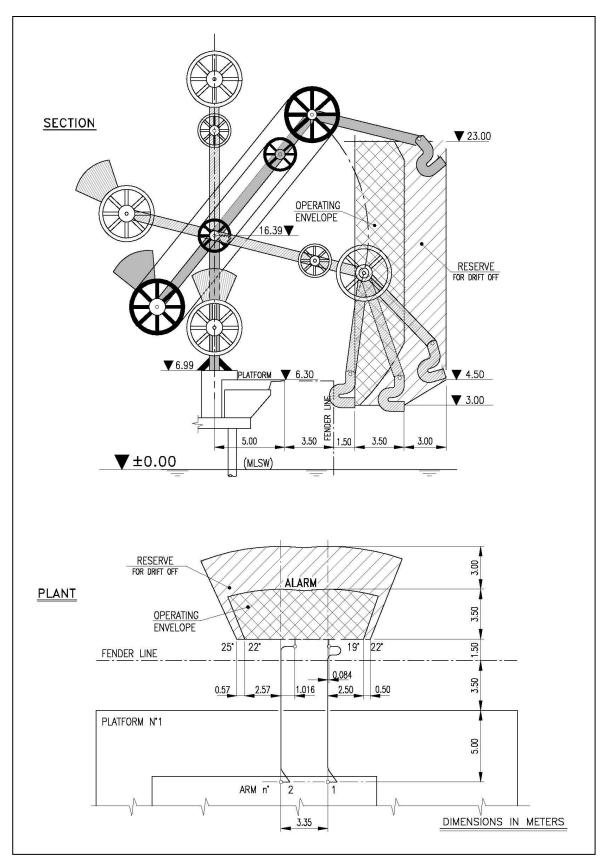




TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 59 of 93

### 9.17. Working Range Diagram (Berth 2)

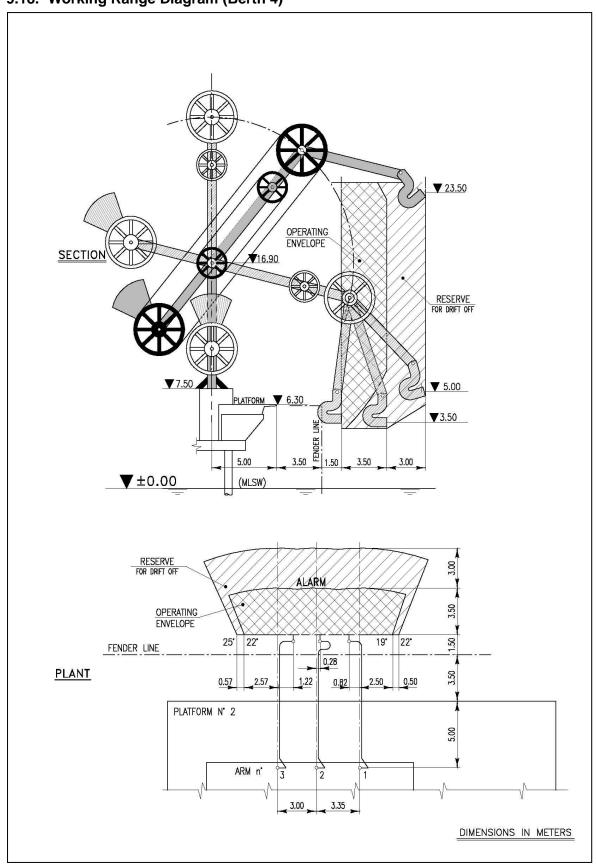




TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 60 of 93

### 9.18. Working Range Diagram (Berth 4)





#### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 61 of 93

#### 9.19. Request for Permit of Temporary Access to the Marine Terminal

#### Copy for the visitor

Marine Terminal entrance authorization request

Reference for the temporary Authorization:

for

Privacy notice about the processing of personal data of persons entering the facilities pertaining to SIOT

Pursuant to art. 13 of UE Regulation 2016/679 of the European Parliament and Council, on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (hereinafter called "Regulation"), Società Italiana per l'Oleodotto Transalpino s.p.a. (SIOT) informs you of the following:

- 1.Data controller. The data controller is SIOT, with head office in San Dorligo della Valle (TS), Via Muggia No. 1. Contacts: siot@tal-oil.com, DPO dpoitalv@tail-oil.com.
- 2. Subject-matter of the processing. The controller in charge of the processing shall process the subject's personal data (name, surname, date of birth, corporate name, residence address, telephone number, e-mail address) which are provided when a permanent or temporary access permit is issued, or when Siot security guards register the entry. The processing also includes the displaying and recording of images by the video surveillance system, by which the persons present in the facility or on board the ships at their moorings can be recorded by chance.
- 3. Purposes of data processing. Personal data are processed without the expressed consent of the subject (art. 6 letters b) and e) of Regulation) for the following purposes: a) to comply with the obligations required by national, EU and international regulations with regard to the safety of people, environment and plants, as well as to the prevention and dissuasion from committing illicit acts; among these obligations are the checking of identities and of the time spent in the facility or on board the moored ships; b) to comply with pre-contractual, contractual and fiscal obligations related to any existing relationship with the person concerned; c) to verify, exercise or defend the controller's rights in a judicial context.
- 4. Procedures of data processing. Personal data processing, either by paper or electronic means, is carried out through the following steps (art. 4, no. 2 of Regulation): data collection, registration, organization, retention, consultation, processing, modification, selection, extraction, comparison, use, networking, blocking, reporting, erasure and destruction. Personal data written in paper registers are kept in the security guard room, as well as in the office of the marine terminal Pier Moster, in the HSSE office and in the archives (which are guarded by authorised personnel or kept locked), whereas personal data recorded by the computer system are protected by a system working on individual passwords. Images recorded by the remote monitoring system are kept for seven days in electronic data storage devices in locked rooms. Unauthorized personnel are not allowed to enter any office or room where personal data are kept. The controller processes personal data for the time necessary to fulfil the purposes stated in the above par. 3, and in any case for a time not exceeding 3 years for the purposes mentioned in point a, and not exceeding 10 years from the cessation of the relationship for the purposes mentioned in point b of paragraph 3. Personal data processing can exceed the aforementioned time limits and purposes in case this is necessary to comply with a legal obligation or with an order by a public authority, or to verify, exercise or defend a right in a judicial context.
- 5. Access to personal data. Access to personal data is only granted to the controller and to the persons in charge of processing for the purposes mentioned in paragraph 3.
- 6. Communication of personal data. Personal data can be communicated to public or private organizations to which the persons concerned are subject. The communication or disclosure of data, if requested by public authorities in compliance with the law, do not require an expressed consent.
- 7. Data providing and consequences of refusal. Providing personal data is essential and compulsory for the purposes mentioned in par. 3. Any refusal to provide personal data or to consent to their processing causes the denial of access to the facility or to the moored ships.
- 8. Rights of the person concerned. Within the limitations and in compliance with the procedures stated in the Regulation, the person concerned has the following rights: a) to obtain confirmation of the existence of his/her personal data, even if not registered yet, and their communication in an intelligible form; b) to know the source of personal data, the purposes and procedures of the processing, the logic applied in case of processing by electronic devices, the identity of the controller, of the persons in charge of the processing and the identity of the subjects or categories of subjects to whom data could be disclosed; c) to request of the data controller to be granted access to the personal data, to request their rectification, erasure or completion, the restriction of processing or the right to object to the processing, in addition to the right to data portability; d) to withdraw his/her consent to data processing anytime, by the same procedure by which it was given, acknowledging nevertheless the legality of the processing which was based on the consent previously given; e) to file a complaint with the authority supervising the protection of personal data.

supervising the protection of personal data.			
9. Procedures to exercise a right. The interested party of	an exercise the rights referred to in point 8 at any time, using the	contact details above.	
I, the undersigned	, born in	, on	declare that I have read
above information.			
	Signature		
I also declare to have complete knowledge of all possib	le risks present in an oil industry plant as S.I.O.T. Marine Termina	relieving S.I.O.T. S.p.A. from v	vhatsoever liability, direct or indirect
damages to persons and/or assets, consequent and/or or	depending from the issue of this access permit, confirming the ex	stence of a proper and sufficien	nt insurance indemnities.

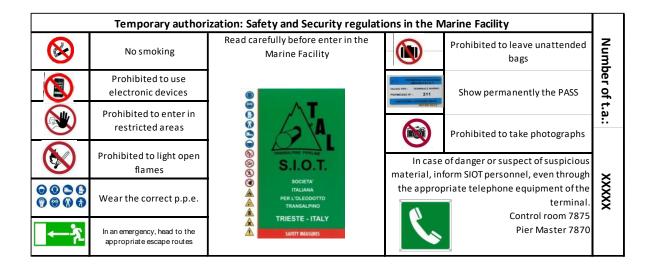


**TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS** 

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 62 of 93

### 9.20. Permit of Temporary Access to the Marine Terminal

Date:		Tempor	ary authorization: visite	or data and limitat	ions	
Mr/Mrs					is allowed:	z
	to go on board the motor tanker to go in a specific terminal's area				TAL transolpine pipeline	Number
	With the following	g credentia	als:	The visitor		흨
	Agent Ship chandler Drug and alchool test inspector		Cargo surveyor Visitor Vessel's crew family member	Signature For S.I.O.T.:		t.a.:
	Terminal's personnel visitor Vetting inspector Cargo expeditor Vessel's technician		Terminal's technician Vessel's superintendent Others (Specify)	Name Surname Stamp		ххххх
Expire date of	of the authorization:			Signature		





TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 63 of 93

### 9.21. Movement of Goods

	Comunicazione prev	<u>rentiva di moviment</u>	o merci
		A:	Pier.master@tal-oil.com jpmtr@tal-oil.com guardiani.mf@tal-oil.com adspmao.so@porto.trieste.it nomedelvettore@)
La sottoscritta A	Agenzia Marittima		comunica che in
data / /	verso le ore	_ circa, verrà effettuata	via mare*, via
terra <sup>2</sup> * la fornit	tura alla motocisterna		
ormeggiata pre	sso il Terminale Marino S.I.0	O.T., pontile no.	dei seguenti materiali:
PROVVISTE ALIMENT	TARI colli no	kgs	
RICAMBI	colli no	kgs	
PRODOTTI CHIMICI	colli no	kgs	
DOTAZIONI NAVE	colli no	kgs	
OLIO LUBRIFICANTE	colli no	kgs	
ALTRE (specificare)	colli no	kgs	
Vettore So	ocietà		
M	lezzo di trasporto <sup>3</sup> *		
Re	esponsabile della consegna <sup>4</sup>	*	
L'eventuale dalla Capita (2*) Solo per ma ovvero prot (3*) Tipologia e	llo specchio acqueo del Terminale Ne e consegna di colli particolarmente p aneria di Porto. ateriali di dimensioni e peso ridotti. tetti per evitare scintille in caso di ca caratteri identificativi nome, tipo e numero del documento	esanti e/o voluminosi dovrà ess Eventuali materiali metallici van aduta.	sere preventivamente autorizzata



### TERMINAL INFORMATION AND PORT REGULATIONS

2025 Edition Rev: 05 Page 64 of 93

### 9.22. Movement of Persons

22. 					Pers	 							$\overline{}$
persone	to.trieste.i <u>t</u>	cisterna	è prevista la movimentazione del seguente personale in possesso della documentazione prevista		Motivo della movimentazione							Firma e timbro del Raccomandatario Marittimo Iltro (specificare)	
Comunicazione preventiva movimentazione persone	ipmtr@tal-oil.com, guardianiMF@tal-oil.com, adspmao.so@porto.trieste.it	comunica che per la motocisterna	novimentazione del seguente personal		Documentazione (rif. Ord. CdP n°4 e AdSP n°7 2024)**							Data rsonale Sanitario, Ispettore al carico, Cargo Expeditor, a	me da allegati all'ordinanza stessa
Comunicazione pro			è prevista la n	2024 CdP n°4 e AdSP n°7 e s.m.i.:	Ruolo*							arcante, Ispettore di Bandiera, Ispettore di Registro, Pe	le permanente, temporaneo oppure comunicazione co
	Elenco di distribuzione: pier.master@tal-oil.com,	La sottoscritta Agenzia Marittima	ormeggiata presso l'ormeggio no.	dall'ordinanza congiunta datata 15/02/2024 CdP n°4 e AdSP n°7 e s.m.i.:	Nome e Cognome							Data (*): spettore Vetting, Tecnico Armatore, Personale Imbarcante, Ispettore di Bandiera, Ispettore di Registro, Personale Sanifario, Ispettore al carico, Cargo Expeditor, altro (specificare)	(**): permesso rilasciato dall'Autorità di Sistema Portuale permanente, temporaneo oppure comunicazione come da allegati all'ordinanza stessa

# Safety letter S.I.O.T. Marine Terminal transalpine pipeline The Master MT \_\_\_\_\_ Trieste Dear Captain, accountably for safe conduct of operations while your tanker is at this terminal rest jointly with you, as Master of the tanker, and with the Terminal Representative. Before operations start, your full cooperation and understanding is required to ensure the safety requirements set out in the ship/shore safety checklist are followed. These requirements are based on safe practices that are widely accepted by the oil terminal and tanker industries. We expect you, and all under your command, to adhere strictly to these requirements throughout you tanker's stay alongside this terminal. We will ensure that our personnel do likewise and will cooperate fully with you in the mutual interest of safe operations. Before the start of operations, and then from time to time, for our mutual safety, a member of terminal staff, together with a Responsible Officer where appropriate, will make a routine inspection of your tanker. Where corrective action is needed we will not agree to operations starting. If they are started, we may require them to be stopped immediately. Similarly, if you consider that safety is being endangered by any action on the part of our terminal staff or by any equipment under our control, you should request operations to be stopped immediately. There can be no compromise with safety. Please acknowledge receipt of this letter by countersigning and returning the attached copy. Terminal Representative Conctact details: Telephone: +39 040 3889 870 Mobile: +39 348 4511932 pier.master@tal-oil.com e-mail: Signed \_\_\_\_\_

Date/time \_\_\_\_\_

T/	
transalpin	e pipeline

### Checks pre-arrival Ship/Shore Safety Checklist

nage	a 1 i	of

Date and time of arrival	
Trieste, SIOT Terminal berth number	
Tanker name	
Product to be transferred	

	Part 1A. Tanker:	checks pr	e arrival
Item	Check	Status	Remarks
1	Pre-arrival information is exchanged (6.5, 21.2)	Yes	
2	International shore fire connection is available (5.5, 19.4.3.1)	Yes	Location:
3	Transfer hoses are of suitable construction (18.2)	Yes	N/A
4	Terminal information booklet reviewed (15.2.2)	Yes	
5	Pre-berthing information is exchanged (21.3, 22.3)	Yes	
6	Pressure/vacuum valves and/or high velocity vents are operational (11.1.8)	Yes	
7	Fixed and portable oxygen analysers are operational (2.4)	Yes	N of available portable anayzers

	Part 1B. Tanker: checks pre-arri	ival if usir	ng an inert gas system
Item	Check	Status	Remarks
8	Inert gas system pressure and oxygen recorders are operational (11.1.5.2, 11.1.11)	Yes	
	Inert gas system and associated equipment are operational (11.1.5.2, 11.1.11)	Yes	Last test date of P/V valves:
10	Cargo tank atmospheres' oxygen content is less than 8% (11.1.3)	Yes	Any IG isolated cargo related tank/s? If Yes, which atmosphere conditions?
11	Cargo tank atmospheres are at positive pressure (11.1.3)	Yes	

	Part 2.Terminal: o	hecks pr	e arrival
Item	Check	Status	Remarks
12	Pre-arrival information is exchanged (6.5, 21.2)	Yes	By Email
13	International shore fire connection is available (5.5, 19.4.3.1, 19.4.3.5)	Yes	Location: top of gangway.
14	Transfer equipment is of suitable construction (18.1, 18.2)	Yes	
15	Terminal information booklet transmitted to tanker (15.2.2)	Yes	Terminal information booklet consigned on: Terminal information booklet available on website: https://www.tal-oil.com/ Download area. CD-ROM will be delivered alongside.
16	Pre-berthing information is exchanged (21.3, 22.3)	Yes	·



# Checks <u>after mooring</u> Ship/Shore Safety Checklist

Da	age	2	of

	Part 3. Tanker: checks after mooring								
Item	Check	Status	Remarks						
17	Fendering is effective (22.4.1)	Yes							
18	Mooring arrangement is effective (22.2, 22.4.3)	Yes	Notify Safety Inspector before adjusting mooring lines. Do not adjust mooring lines while another vessel is manoeuvering at the same pier.						
19	Access to and from the tanker is safe (16.4)	Yes	Shore gangway. Inform the Terminal if gangway is going to be in touch with vessel structure/obstruction.						
20	Scuppers and savealls are plugged (23.7.4, 23.7.5)	Yes	Do not remove without Safety Inspector notification.						
21	Cargo system sea connections and overboard discharges are secured (23.7.3)	Yes	Port&Strbd pressure gauges taps open.  Oib: Si/C: Si/C: Spool piace disconnected in P. R. or Blank Flange in place.						
22	Very high frequency and ultra high frequency transceivers are set to low power mode (4.11.6, 4.13.2.2)	Yes							
23	External openings in superstructures are controlled (23.1)	Yes	Any locks should be operated from inside.						
24	Pumproom ventilation is effective (10.12.2)	Yes							
25	Medium frequency/high frequency radio antennae are isolated (4.11.4, 4.13.2.1)	Yes							
26	Accommodation spaces are at positive pressure (23.2)	Yes							
27	Fire control plans are readily available (9.11.2.5)	Yes	Location:						

	Part 4. Terminal: checks after mooring							
Item	Check Status Remarks							
28	Fendering is effective (22.4.1)	Yes						
29	Tanker is moored according to the terminal mooring plan (22.2)	Yes	Refer to TIB chapter 7.5.5.					
30	Access to and from the terminal is safe (16.4)	Yes						
31	Spill containment and sumps are secure (18.4.3, 23.7.4, 23.7.5)	Yes						



### Checks <u>pre-transfer</u> Ship/Shore Safety Checklist

m	-	-	•	3	-

Date and time of arrival	
Trieste, SIOT Terminal berth number	
Tanker name	
Product to be transferred	

	Part 5A. Tanker and terminal: pre-transfer conference							
Item	Check	Tanker status		Terminal status	Remarks			
32	Tanker is ready to move at agreed notice period (9.11, 21.7.1.1, 22.5.4)		Yes	Yes	Time:			
33	Effective tanker and terminal communications are established (21.1.1, 21.1.2)		Yes	Yes	Refer to part 6			
34	Transfer equipment is in safe condition (isolated, drained and de-pressurised) (18.4.1)		Yes	Yes				
35	Operation supervision and watchkeeping is adequate (7.9, 23.11)		Yes	Yes	Refer to part 6			
36	There are sufficient personnel to deal with an emergency (9.11.2.2, 23.11)		Yes	Yes	Refer to part 6			
37	Smoking restrictions and designated smoking areas are established (4.10, 23.10)		Yes	Yes	Refer to part 6			
38	Naked light restrictions are established (4.10.1)		Yes	Yes				
39	Control of electrical and electronic devices is agreed (4.11, 4.12)		Yes	Yes				
40	Means of emergency escape from both tanker and terminal are established (20.5)		Yes	Yes				
41	Firefighting equipment is ready for use (5, 19.4, 23.8)		Yes	Yes				
42	Oil spill clean-up material is available (20.4)		Yes	Yes				
43	Manifolds are properly connected (23.6.1)		Yes	Yes				
44	Sampling and gauging protocols are agreed (23.5.3.2, 23.7.7.5)		Yes	Yes	All cargo measurements and sampling shall be made using ship's VLS			
45	Procedures for cargo, bunkers and ballast handling operations are agreed (21.4, 21.5, 21.6)		Yes	Yes				
46	Cargo transfer management controls are agreed (12.1)		Yes	Yes				
47	Cargo tank cleaning requirements, including crude oil washing, are agreed (12.3, 12.5, 21.4.1)		Yes	Yes	See also parts 7B/7C as applicable			
48	Cargo tank gas freeing arrangements agreed (12.4)		Yes	Yes	Not allowed at berth.			
49	Cargo and bunker slop handling requirements agreed (12.1, 21.2, 21.4)		Yes	Yes	See also part 7C Bunkering not allowed at berth.			
50	Routine for regular checks on cargo transferred are agreed (23.7.2)		Yes	Yes	N/A			
51	Emergency signals and shutdown procedures are agreed (12.1.8.3, 18.5, 21.1.2)		Yes	Yes	SHORE: CONTINUOUS SIREN SOUND. SHIP:			
52	Safety data sheets are available (1.4.4, 20.1, 21.4)		Yes	Yes				
53	Hazardous properties of the products to be transferred are discussed (1.2, 1.4)		Yes	Yes	H2S: content PPM Benzene content: PPM			
54	Electrical insulation of the tanker/terminal interface is effective (12.9.5, 17.4, 18.2.14)		Yes	Yes	MLA fitted with Insulating flange.			
55	Tank venting system and closed operation procedures are agreed (11.3.3.1, 21.4, 21.5, 23.3.3)		Yes	Yes				



### Checks <u>pre-transfer</u> Ship/Shore Safety Checklist

			_	
pa	O	e	4	of

	Part 5A. Tanker and terminal: pre-transfer conference							
Item	Check Tanker Terminal Remarks							
56	Vapour return line operational parameters are agreed (11.5, 18.3, 23.7.7)	Ye	s	Yes	N/A			
57	Measures to avoid back-filling are agreed (12.1.13.7)	Ye	s	Yes	Each MLA fitted with No-return valve.			
58	Status of unused cargo and bunker connections is satisfactory (23.7.1, 23.7.6)	Ye	s	Yes				
59	Portable very high frequency and ultra high frequency radios are intrinsically safe (4.12.4, 21.1.1)	Ye	s	Yes				
60	Procedures for receiving nitrogen from terminal to cargo tank are agreed (12.1.14.8)	Ye	s	Yes	N/A			

	Part 6. Tanker and terminal: agreements pre-transfer							
Part 5 Item	Agreement	Detail	Tanker initials	Terminal initials				
32	Tanker manoeuvring readiness	Notice period (maximum) for full readiness to manoeuvre: 15 minutes Period of disablement: Not permitted.						
33	Security protocols	Security level Ship/Shore: / Sec. Access (to main House): Local requirements: Notify the safety inspector prior to disembarkation/transit through the terminal of ship's crew members and passengers or technicians/visitors boarded at Trieste anchorage						
33	Effective tanker/terminal communications	Primary system: communications held by onboard Safety Inspector  Backup system: shore Ex mobile phone (dial 8 to Call Pier Master) VHF Ch. 72 (listening watch not maintained by shore)						
35	Operational supervision and watchkeeping	Tanker  Terminal: Refer to TIB chapter 2.6.2						
37 38	Dedicated smoking areas and naked lights restrictions	Tanker  Terminal: One smoking room for terminal staff use only						
45	Maximum wind, current and sea/swell criteria or other environmental factors	Stop cargo transfer: 60 km/h (abt. 32,5 knts), CALCULATED ON 20" GUST Disconnect: 60 km/h (abt. 32,5 knts), CALCULATED ON 20" GUST Unberth: if berth is becoming to be unsafe.  Additional info available at TIB chapter 8.8.						



### Checks pre-transfer Ship/Shore Safety Checklist

		5	

Part 5 Item	Agreement	Detail	Tanker initials	Termin
45 46	Limits for cargo, bunkers and ballast handling	Maximun transfer rate: Topping of rates: N/A Maximun manifold pressure: 10 Bar in shore line Cargo temperature: Other limitations:		
		Refer to TIB		
45	Pressure surge control	Terminal minimum number of cargo tanks open:		
46		1 during discharge Tank switching protocols: stand-by procedure explained		
		Tanker minimum number of cargo tanks open: Tank switching protocols:		
		Full load rate: N/A		
		Topping-off rate: N/A		
		Closing time of automatic valves: N/A		
46	Cargo transfer management	Action notice periods: 15 min		
		Transfer stop protocols: stand-by procedure explained		
50	Routine for regular checks on cargo transferred are agreed	Routine transferred quantity checks: N/A		
51	Emergency signals	Terminal: continuos siren sound		
		Tanker:		
55	Tank venting system	Procedure: Hazardous vapours emissions are prohibited at berth.		
55	Closed operations	Requirements: SeeTIB chapter 8.5.		
56	Vapour return line	Operational parameters: N/A Maximum flow rate: N/A		
60	Nitrogen supply from terminal	N/A		
41	Exceptions and additions	Special issues that both parties should be aware of: Emergency towing-off pennants are rigged and positioned with eye approx. 2mt above the sea level + messanger (TIB Ch. 4.2.7).		
33	Exceptions and additions	Special issues that both parties should be aware of:		
36		The skimming boat/s is/are in the area Scrubber overboard discharge PORT / STBD		

TA	<b>\</b>
transalpine	pipeline

### Checks pre-transfer Ship/Shore Safety Checklist

Date and time of arrival	
Trieste, SIOT Terminal berth number	
Tanker name	
Product to be transferred	

	Part 7A. General tanke	r: checks	pre-transfer
Item	Check	Status	Remarks
84	Portable drip trays are correctly positioned and empty (23.7.5)	Yes	
85	Individual cargo tank inert gas supply valves are secured for cargo plan (12.1.13.4)	Yes	
86	Inert gas system delivering inert gas with oxygen content not more than 5% (11.1.3)	Yes	
87	Cargo tank high level alarms are operational (12.1.6.6.1)	Yes	Last test date:
88	All cargo, ballast and bunker tanks openings are secured (23.3)	Yes	

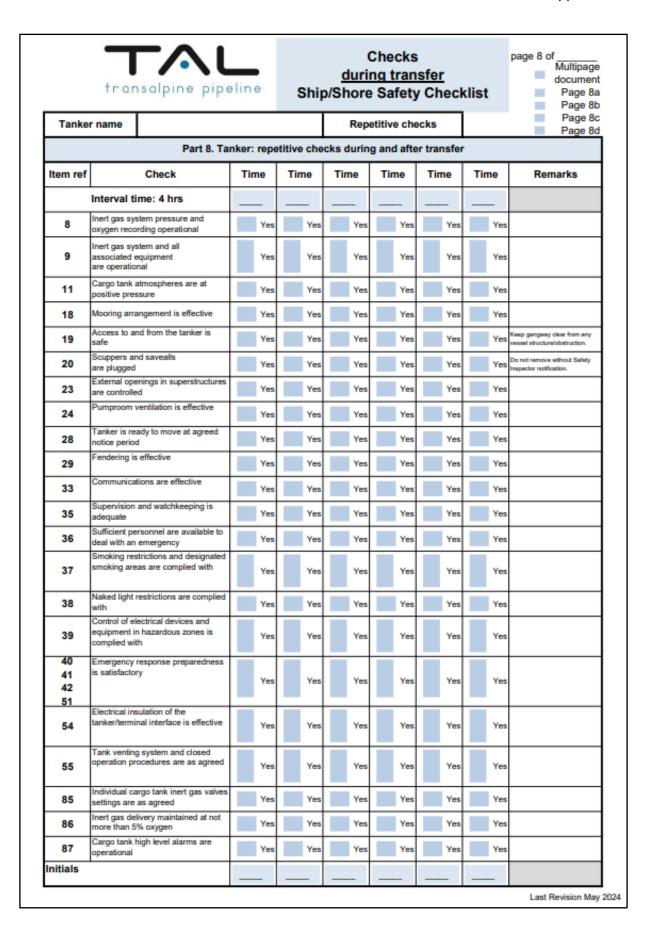
	Part 7B. Tanker: checks pre-trans	fer i	f crud	le oil washing is planned
Item	Check	Status		Remarks
89	The completed pre-arrival crude oil washing checklist, as contained in the approved crude oil washing manual, is copied to terminal (12.5.2, 21.2.3)		Yes	
90	Crude oil washing checklists for use before, during and after crude oil washing are in place ready to complete, as contained in the approved crude oil washing manual (12.5.2, 21.6)		Yes	

TA	ackslash
transalpine	pipeline

#### Declaration

		_	
pa	ae	7	of

We the undersigned have checked the items in the applicable parts 1 to 7 as marked and signed below: Tanker Terminal Part 1A. Tanker: checks pre-arrival Part 1B. Tanker: checks pre-arrival if using an inert gas system Part 2. Terminal: checks pre-arrival Part 3. Tanker: checks after mooring Part 4. Terminal: checks after mooring Part 5A. Tanker and terminal: pre-transfer conference N/A N/A Part 5B. Tanker and terminal: bulk liquid chemicals. Checks pre-transfer N/A N/A Part 5C. Tanker and terminal: liquefied gas. Checks pre-transfer Part 6. Tanker and terminal: agreements pre-transfer Part 7A. General tanker: checks pre-transfer Part 7B. Tanker: checks pre-transfer if crude oil washing is planned Part 7C. Tanker: checks prior to tank cleaning and/or gas freeing In accordance with the guidance in chapter 25 of ISGOTT, we have satisfied ourselves that the entries we have made are correct to the best of our knowledge and that the tanker and terminal are in agreement to undertake the transfer operation. We have also agreed to carry out the repetitive checks noted in parts 8 and 9 of the ISGOTT SSSCL, which should occur at intervals of not more than \_\_\_\_ hours for the tanker and not more than \_\_\_\_ hours for the terminal. If, to our knowledge, the status of any item changes, we will immediately inform the other party. Terminal Tanker Name Name Rank Rank Signature Signature





#### Checks <u>during transfer</u> Ship/Shore Safety Checklist

page 9 of Multipage document Page 9a Page 9b

Tanke	r name					Rep	etitive ch	ecks		Page 9
		Part 9. Terr	minal:	rep	etitive ch	ecks duri	ng and af	ter transfe	r	
Item ref		Check	Tim	e	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Remarks
	Interval ti	ime: 4 hrs		-						
18	Mooring arra	angement is effective		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
19	Access to a safe	nd from the terminal is		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
29	Fendering is	effective		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
32	Spill contain secure	ment and sumps are		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
33	Communica	tions are effective		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
35	Supervision adequate	and watchkeeping is		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
36	Sufficient pe deal with an	ersonnel are available to emergency		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
37		strictions and designated as are complied with		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
38	Naked light with	restrictions are complied		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
39		ectrical devices and n hazardous zones is th		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
40 41 47 51	Emergency is satisfactor	response preparedness ry		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
54		sulation of the nal interface is effective		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
55		g system and closed ocedures are as agreed		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
nitials										

Last Revision May 2024



# Checks <u>Note</u> Ship/Shore Safety Checklist

page	10.0
paye	100

transalpine pipeline	Ship/Shore Safety Checklist
Date and time of arrival	
Trieste, SIOT Terminal berth r	number
Tanker name	
Product to be transferred	
	CL will be performed by Ship's staff and at disposal of Terminal's
Representative.	
	CL will be performed by Terminal staff and at disposal of Ship's
Representative.	
Tanker	Terminal
Name	Name
Rank	Rank
Signature	Signature
Date	Date
Time	Time
	·

Last Revision May 2024



## SOCIETÀ ITALIANA PER L'OLEODOTTO TRANSALPINO S.P.A. MARINE OIL TERMINAL

ons for Oil Tanker Manifolds and Associated Equipment".  on the discharging rate caused by the restriction on the number of arms ther impediment caused by any ship's structures.  deight of the shore tanks: 16/43 mtrs above MSL	/Size of ship's Recommendati Itual reduction is and/or any o ength: 5 km. I	CARGO DISC 150 Number/S tion of OCIMF's "Re- sibility for an eventu- ensions, conditions 36"/42". Approx Len	hip shall comply with the latest edit he Terminal declines any respons sed, due to the ship's manifold dim	) /							
manifolds/" Connected arms	/Size of ship's Recommendati Itual reduction is and/or any o ength: 5 km. I	Number/S 150 Number/S ition of OCIMF's "Re- sibility for an eventu- ensions, conditions 36"/42". Approx Len	hip shall comply with the latest edit he Terminal declines any respons sed, due to the ship's manifold dim								
ons for Oil Tanker Manifolds and Associated Equipment".  on the discharging rate caused by the restriction on the number of arms ther impediment caused by any ship's structures.  deight of the shore tanks: 16/43 mtrs above MSL	Recommendation reduction is and/or any congential terms of the second sec	tion of OCIMF's "Re- sibility for an eventu ensions, conditions 36"/42". Approx Len	hip shall comply with the latest edit he Terminal declines any respons sed, due to the ship's manifold dim								
m³/hr,bar,°C	s:	• •		I) Available shore arms/16"ASA150 Number/Size of ship's manifolds/_ " Connected arms							
m³/hr,bar,°C	s:	• •	lumber and size of shorelines: 1 x 3								
etion H.S. pom Remarks		ig Shore Tank No's:	argo to be delivered to the following								
		) Max. allowed discharging rate, pressure, temperature:m³/hr,bar,°C (All values refer to shore instrumentation readings)									
	Discharging sequence:										
	Compl (estima	Starting time (estimated)	Product								
1											
d time of departure:	Estimate	d: Yes □ No □	laterial Safety Data Sheet provided	1							
fer to SIOT Terminal Information Booklet / Ch. 7.6.]	hours [re	hc	laximum berth occupancy:	ı							
s and/or related waste (as per Italian Legislative Decree 8 Novemberil 2019)			EWARE: It is not allowed to pu 021, nr. 197, implementing the Di								
Capt	Capt		afety Inspectors Capt	5							
Amount of notice required before any planned stoppage: 15 minutes.  Lapse of time needed to stop the discharge once the stop order is given (except in emergency conditions): minutes.											
In Case of two or more products, the discharge must be stopped at the end of each grade and wait shore orders before starting the next grade.											
INERT GAS and CRUDE OIL WASHING INSTRUCTIONS  - ALL VESSELS CALLING AT S.I.O.T. TERMINAL HAVE TO BE PROVIDED WITH A FULLY OPERATIONAL INERT GAS PLANT.  - In case of failure of the I.G. System, operations must be promptly suspended, and the Terminal and Harbour Master notified accordingly.											
por® software outcome as advice only.			IOORINGS he suggested mooring pattern has ptimoor® report requested by Ship	1							
			ESSEL READINESS lin ship's draft and max trim alongs lax trim alongside during COW as <sub>l</sub>	´ 1							
ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION  Any hazardous and/or noxious gas or vapours emission must be strictly avoided, including the emission of heavy black smoke from ship's funnel and excessive smoke generated from the closed loop scrubber system or similar systems.  Spill oil or any other pollutant substances must be strictly avoided. Scrubber overboard discharge  PORT SIDE   STBD SIDE											
☐ Copy received on arrival☐ Copy already on board (cons. on)	BOOKLET:		IOT PORT REGULATIONS AND I https://tal-oil.com/ - Download are								
NAL: CONTINUOUS SIREN SOUND -	ERGENCY SIG	- TERMINAL EMER									
			RKS:	REM.							
				-							
ort Regulation Booklet / CD-rom.	formation and P	the SIOT Terminal Infor	ny details about the operations refer to t	or a							
SIOT Pier Master	formation and Pr	ine Siot Terminal Intor	ship's Master	ror a							

#### MESSAGGIO D'ARRIVO DA PARTE DELLA NAVE / SHIP'S PRE-ARRIVAL MESSAGE

TO: TRIESTE HARBOUR MASTER AND COAST GUARD – MARINE SAFETY DEPT. (FAX 0039 040 676665 – E-MAIL sicnav.cptrieste@mit.gov.it)

SIOT OIL TERMINAL Ship.eta@TAL-OIL.COM

SHIP'S AGENCY

CLASSIFICATION SOCIETY appointed for COW INSPECTION

- AA) 1) SHIP'S NAME / 2) CALL SIGN / 3) FLAG / 4) PORT AND NUMBER OF REGISTRY / 5) KEEL LAID DATA / 6) IMO N° / 7) GT / 8) NT / 9) DWT / 10) LOA / 11) BEAM / 12) ARRIVAL DRAFT / 13) ARRIVAL DISPLACEMENT 14) SBT-DH / 15) VESSEL TELEPHONE-FAX- EMAIL NUMBERS / 16) MAX VESSEL LONGITUDINAL AND TRASVERSAL WINDAGE AREA AT BERTH / 17) PARALLEL BODY ON ARRIVAL / DEPARTURE 18) BOW TO CENTRE OF CARGO MANIFOLD DISTANCE
- **BB) CERTIFICATES**

	PLACE OF ISSUE	DATE OF ISSUE	ANNUAL SURVEY	EXPIRY DATE	ISSUING AUTHORITY/ CLASS SOC.
LOAD LINE					
SAFETY CONSTRUCTION					
SAFETY EQUIPMENT					
SAFETY RADIO					
IOPP					
CLASS					
SMC					
DOC					
MOU					
TONNAGE					
CLC					
MANNING					
DERATTING					
ITALIAN LIGHT DUES (ANCHORAGE DUES)					
ISSC					
CERTIFICATE OF ENTRY					
CLC BUNKER					

- CC) 1) CREW NUMBER / 2) MASTER NAME PLACE AND DATE OF BIRTH PASSPORT NUMBER
- DD) FULL STYLE OF 1) OWNER / 2) OPERATOR 2a) DPA contacts 3) CHARTER
- EE) SAILING DATE AND TIME, DEPARTURE DRAFT (SPECIFY IF VISUAL CHECK OR CALCULATED) FROM LAST PORT
- FF) ETA TRIESTE
- GG) 1) CARGO (TECHNICAL AND COMMON NAME PARAFFINIC/AROMATIC) / 2) QUANTITY B/L M/TONS / 3) API OR DENSITY / 4) POUR POINT / 5) DISTRIBUTION ON BOARD / 6) FULL OR PARTIALLY UNLOADING / 7) MAXIMUM DISCHARGE RATE / 8) MAX TEMPERATURE OF EACH CARGO GRADE TO BE DISCHARGED / 9) DISCHARGE SEQUENCE IN CASE OF DIFFERENT CARGO GRADES ON BOARD
- HH) 1) G.O.V. (Gross Observed Volume) / 2) SLOP L.O.T. / 3) FREE WATER (INCLUDING FREE WATER IN SLOP) / 4) SEGREGATED SLOP QUANTITY (OIL / WATER)

- II) 1) IGS PLANT FULLY OPERATIONAL / 2) OXYGEN CONTENT PERCENTAGE BY VOLUME IN MAIN LINE / 3) OXYGEN CONTENT PERCENTAGE BY VOLUME IN ALL CARGO TANKS AND SLOP TANKS / 4) GAS PRESSURE / 5) CARGO TANKS H<sub>2</sub>S (HYDROGEN SULPHIDE) CONTENT 6) SIDE OF IG SCRUBER OVER BOARD DISCHARGE (PORT/STD)
- JJ) 1) ESTIMATED TOTAL DISCHARGING TIME / 2) COW / 3) BALLAST)
- KK) GOOD WORKING CONDITION OF CARGO PUMPS, RELATIVE DEVICES AND ALARM AS PER RELEVANT IGS MANUAL
- LL) TIGHTENING CHECK CARGO TANKS OPENINGS
- MM) 1) CHECK UP CORRECT WORKING OF CARGO TANK SOUNDING SYSTEM (CLOSE ULLAGE SYSTEM) / 2) TYPE IN USE
- NN) ANY DEFECT OF HULL, MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT WHICH MAY:
  - AFFECT THE SAFE MANOEUVRABILITY OF THE TANKER;
  - > AFFECT THE SAFETY OF OTHER VESSEL:
  - > CONSTITUTE A HAZARD TO THE MARINE ENVIRONMENT;
  - CONSTITUTE A HAZARD TO PERSONS OR PROPERTY ON LAND OR IN THE VICINITY OF THE HARBOUR
- OO) 1) COW REQUIRED TANKS TO BE WASHED / 2) COW CHECKING SOCIETY CHOICE / 3) STARTING TIME AFTER STARTING DISCHARGING OPERATION / 4) REASONS IF COW NOT POSSIBLE / 5) COW MANUAL AMMENDED AS PER IMO REQUIREMENTS AMENDED BY THE 43RD MEPC AND 21ST ASSEMBLY (Y / N).
- PP) ALL EQUIPMENT FOR COW HAVE BEEN TESTED WORKING PROPERLY
- QQ) 1) OFFICER NAME SUPERVISING COW OPERATIONS / 2) OTHER PERSONS INVOLVED IN COW OPERATIONS
- RR) IF IOPP 1.10.3 STATUS OF SHIP REG 1 (26) ATTESTING: NEW OIL TANKER (Y/N)
- SS) 1) NUMBER / 2) SIZE, DISTANCE BETWEEN CENTRES OF CARGO CONNECTIONS (IF VESSEL HAS ALREADY BEEN TO THE TERMINAL, SIMPLY STATE "SAME" IF NO CHANGES HAVE OCCURRED SINCE THE LAST VISIT) / 3) DISTANCE FROM BOW TO MANIFOLD CENTRE
- TT) NUMBERED FROM THE FRONT, WHICH MANIFOLDS ARE TO BE CONNECTED (NORMALLY 3 ARMS AVAILABLE)
- UU) MOORING LINES BREAKING CAPACITY AND:
  - NUMBER AND TYPE OF BOW LINES
  - NUMBER AND TYPE OF FORWARD BREAST LINES
  - NUMBER AND TYPE OF FORWARD SPRING LINES
  - NUMBER AND TYPE OF AFT SPRING LINES
  - > NUMBER AND TYPE OF AFT BREST LINES
  - > NUMBER AND TYPE OF STERN LINES
- VV) IF ORIGINAL B/L ON BOARD
- WW) 1) IF ANY WEAPONS / 2) AMMUNITIONS ON BOARD
- XX) IF ANY STOWAWAYS, PASSENGERS OR ANY OTHER PERSONS WITH EXPIRED / NOT IN ORDER PERSONAL DOCUMENTS
- YY) WHILE ALONGSIDE, 1) IS IT FORESEEN ANY CREW CHANGES OR VISITORS BOARDING YES / NO, 2) ANY STORE OR PROVISION LOAD YES / NO
- ZZ) SHIP IN COMPLIANCE WITH MARPOL ANNEXE 1, REG. 33 YES / NO IF YES RECOGNISED ORGANISATION SOCIETY INFORMED YES / NO / N.A.

RMKS: ANY CHANGE TO THE ABOVE DECLARATION SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFIED TO TRIESTE HARBOUR MASTER AND COAST GUARD OFFICE <a href="https://www.tal-oil.com/en/installations/marine-terminal.html">https://www.tal-oil.com/en/installations/marine-terminal.html</a> TO DOWNLOAD TERMINAL BOOKLET

### **COW Procedure: Certificate to Harbour Master from Registration Body**

Date:			Our Ref:	
	Page 1 of			
From	-	- Trieste Office		
To: TR		IASTER – Marine Safety D	Pepartment	Fax. No.
cc: Sh	ip's Agent (if opinion	in not favourable)		
Subjec	•	orization to perform C.O.V cio dell'Autorizzazione allo		C.O.W.
Con rif	erimento al Vx. Fax Ship's master has Authority called" C	sage Nodatedand foll IMO No:	Flageffettuata in data odiern egue:  a the documents required article 2";	We confirm that: na a bordo della d by the Harbour Master
b)	document" has be	rispondenza degli impiant		•
	pinion to give the abo to si esprime parere:	ove mentioned authorization	n is:	
FAVO	REVOLE con le segu	ng recommendation /NOT enti raccomandazioni / NC Cancellare come necessal	ON FAVOREVOLE per le	-
		ır Master Office – Marine S a di Porto di Trieste – Sezi		rigazione
Maste		l probably starts at		
II coma	andante ha dichiarato	che le operazioni C.O.W.	cominceranno probabilr	nente alle ore
del				

firma

#### **COW Procedure: Certificate to Harbour Master from Port Chemist**

#### DOTT.

#### CONSULENTE CHIMICO DELLA CAPITANERIA DI PORTO DI TRIESTE

#### CERTIFICATO DI INERTIZZAZIONE PER CRUDE OIL WASHING

**AGENTE** 

AGENT

INERT CONDITION CERTIFICATE FOR CRUDE OIL WASHING

**NAVE** 

SHIP

BANDIERA FLAG				STAZZA LORDA GROSS TONNAGE					
	ANI TER	DANTE							
	Th	is to certify t	hat, on request of the M	lel Comando di Bon aster to obtain permission	of C.O.W.	operations, the following	tests and inspections hav	i seguent re been carri	t <b>i contr</b> ied out:
•			argo tanks, tested by the	cisterne del carico, Marine Chemist:	misurau	) dai Cilillico di P	orto:		
		ERNA N° NK N°	% O <sub>2</sub>		ERNA N° NK N°	% O <sub>2</sub>		ERNA N° NK N°	% O <sub>2</sub>
	1	P		1	С		1	S	
	2	P		2	С		2	S	
	3	P		3	C		3	S	
	4	P		4	С		4	S	
	5	P		5	С		5	S	
	6	P		6	С		6	S	
	7	P		7	С		7	S	
	8	P		8	С		8	S	
	9	P		9	C		9	S	
	Slop	P		Slop	C		Slop	S	
1	Ox  (a) M  Ten  (b) Lo  Re  (c) Lo	isurato d sted by the M etto sull'a ad on the shi	t in the inert gas main li al Chimico di Por farine Chemist	rto ipale di O <sub>2</sub> di bordo		ee:			
oiffe iffere	renza	nella risp ne ship's mete An Ma	osta degli strumer ers response (compared nalizzatore princi nin O <sub>2</sub> analyser	-	<b>o al dato</b> ne Marine C	misurato dal Chin	nico di Porto:		
	-		petitore - registra	nore					

3.	Pressione misurata nelle cisterne (min./max.) mbar / mmH <sub>2</sub> O Pressure tested in cargo tanks (min./max.)	
4. O <sub>2</sub> visi	Strumenti portatili di bordo per la misura di onati dal Chimico di Porto:	Adatti alla misura nelle cisterne del carico in conformità a quanto prescritto dall'Ordinanza della Capitaneria di Porto di Trieste n. 43/2006: n°
	Ship's portable $O_2$ meters inspected by the Marine Chemist: $n^{\circ}$	suitable for cargo tanks in compliance with Ordinance $n^{\circ}$ 43/2006 of the Harbour Master: $n^{\circ}$
<b>Strum</b> e Meter	ento	Differenza massima osservata rispetto ai due punti di taratura: Maximum difference in the meters response (compared with $O_2$ 0 % and $O_2$ 20.9 %)
5.	Calibrazione effettuata su misuratori portatili di O <sub>2</sub> o Calibration performed on ship's portable O <sub>2</sub> meters: Strumento: Meter:	li bordo:
Remarks	vazioni e prescrizioni del Consulente Chimico del Porto and instructions from the Marine Chemist enzione dell'Ufficiale di Ispezione	
<u>All'att</u>	enzione della Sezione Sicurezza della Navigazione	
In se	GUITO AGLI ACCERTAMENTI ESEGUITI RIGUARDO	D LE CONDIZIONI DI INERTIZZAZIONE RICHIESTE DALLE

VIGENTI NORME DI SICUREZZA SI ESPRIME PARERE FAVOREVOLE / NON FAVOREVOLE PER L'EFFETTUAZIONE DEL C.O.W.

FOLLOWING THE TESTS AND INSPECTIONS CARRIED OUT TO CHECK THE INERT CONDITION REQUESTED BY THE PORT SAFETY REGULATIONS, THE VESSEL IS / IS NOT IN THE CONDITION TO PERFORM C.O.W. OPERATIONS.

DATAORAIl Consulente Chimico di PortoIl Comandante (Timbro e Firma)DATETIMETHE MARINE CHEMISTMASTER (Stamp and Signature)

#### **COW Procedure: Authorisation to Proceed**



# MINISTERO DELLE INFRASTRUTTURE E DEI TRASPORTI CAPITANERIA DI PORTO – GUARDIA COSTIERA TRIESTE

		AUTORIZZA	AZIONE C.O.W. N. / C.O.W. AUTHORIZATION	No xx /20		
т	elephone +3	39 040 676611	Telefax + 39 040 676665	e-mail	sicnav.cptrieste@mit.gov.it trieste@guardiacostiera.it	
Го -		Master of M/T XXXXXX	XXXX (S.I.O.T. Pier Master please pass)			
	N.	S.I.O.T. Pier Master			r.Master@TAL-OIL.COM :. 040/381486	
extend		Vessel's agent				
Our ref.		XXXXXXXXXX /20	19/Sic. Nav.			
	Capo del C rieste Harbo		e Comandante del porto di Trieste:			
VISTA:		Ordinanza n. 43/06 data	ata 09.12.2006; lo 43/06 dated 09.12.2006;			
VISTO:		n cui il Comandante d	ella M/C XXXXXXXXXX di bandiera XXXXX	ha richie	esto l'autorizzazione ad effettuare i	
	Having re	gard to the ship's mess	age by which the Master requires the authorisat			
VISTA:	sopracitat		in data xx/xx/xxxx dall'Agenzia Marittima X	xxxxxx	XXX raccomandataria della nave	
VISTO:	il parere fi messaggio	avorevole espresso, se o fax n. xxxxxxxxxxxx	nza raccomandazioni, dall'Organismo Tecnico in data xx/xx/xxxx	Riconoso	ciuto XXXXXXXXXXXXXX cor	
VISTO:			n Society fax message;	w/www.		
/ISTO:	/ISTO: il parere favorevole espresso dal Consulente Chimico di Porto con msg. del xx/xx/xxxx  Having regard to the Port Chemist fax message;					
VISTA:	STA: la dichiarazione rilasciata dal Comandante della nave relativa, tra l'altro, all'elenco del personale dedicato alle operazioni COW;  Having regard to the declaration issued by Ship's Master, containing also the list of the personnel dedicated to the COW					
	operations			not or are	personner addicated to the Corr	
- WO Y	VVVVVVVV	W ad affath and 11 0 0 M	AUTORIZZA / AUTHORIZES		all'accessance della accessa contenut	
nell'ordina the vesse	anza n. 43/06 el to perform	datata 09.12.2006 e dell	I. durante la sosta nel porto di Trieste subordina e seguenti ulteriori prescrizioni: ing her stay in Trieste subject to the requiremen prescriptions:			
possedere Regola V/ Macchina del carico moviment Officers a oil tanker Engineer	e un certifica 1-1 dell'Anne e chiunque a pulizia delle tazione del ca and ratings as cargo opera Officer and a ated operation	to che attesti una forma: seso alla Convenzione S. altro abbia diretta respore e cisterne o altre operazionico sicio delle petroliere, in co signed specific duties an ations, according to para ny person with immediat	emandati ad assumere responsabilità in relazione e cione di base per la movimentazione del carico si T.C.W. Il Comandante, il Direttore di Macchina, il isabilità delle operazioni di carico, scarico, e sovo coni connesse al carico, deve possedere un certifico conformità al para. 3 della Regola V/1-1 dell'Anness, di responsibilities related to cargo or cargo equipra a. 1 of Regulation V/1-1 of STCW Annex. Maste e responsibility for loading, discharging, care in tr i in advanced training for oil tanker cargo operation	u navi pet Primo Uffi rintenda al cato che at o alla Con- nent shall r, Chief El ansit, han-	roliere, in conformità al para. 1 della ciale di Coperta, il Primo Ufficiale di lle operazioni di transito o maneggio ttesti una formazione avanzata per la venzione S.T.C.W. hold a certificate in basic training for ngineer Officer, Chief Mate, Second diling of cargo, tank cleaning or other	
Trieste,	xx/xx/xxxx					
he under		er of M/T XXXXXXXXX hours.	XX declares he has received the present author	1	n the date a THE MASTER np and signature)	
				(Juli		
			in qualità di rappresentante dall'Agenzia Mar			
della M/0	XXXXXXX	XXXX, si impegna a con	segnare con immediatezza la presente autorizz		Comando della predetta nave.	
Trieste, _		_			Firma	
			_			

#### **Pre Mooring Inspection Checklist**

	<u> </u>								
	PRE MOORING CHECK LIS	ST.		Page 1 of 4					
Vess	Vessel: Delivery date:								
Arriv	Arrival on board (date & time): Trieste anchorage (date & time):								
can b MEG	NSTRUCTION FOR COMPLETION: the safety of operations requires that all questions should be answered affirmatively (except on item 3 which can be N/A and items 9 and 10 which can be "N/A", but not simultaneously) after checking by the Inspector according MARPOL, SOLAS, ISGOTT, MEG and SIOT requirements. If an affirmative answer is not possible, the reason should be given. Additional observations/recommendations should be noted on last page.								
Item	Question	Yes	No	Remark					
1	Is the mooring equipment in apparent good conditions? (winches, windlass, brakes, wires/ropes, tails, shakles etc.)			BHC tested onatT					
2	Are mooring lines in compliance with the SIOT minimum mooring requirements and the terminal mooring lines safety and maintenance criteria?								
3	Are mooring shackles mounted in the correct way? (where applicable)			Shackles type:					
4	Are tanks lids/hatchways (if OBO) in apparent good conditions and gas tight?			onacties type.					
5	Are cargo manifolds in apparent good conditions and fully bolted?								
6	Are deck cargo lines in apparent good conditions?								
7	Are C.O.W./I.G.S. lines in apparent good conditions?								
8	Are deck stringer and scupper plugs in good conditions?								
9	Are antipollution air driven pump(s) properly rigged, bounded and tested (if any)?								
10	Are the dump valves (if any) tested prior arrival and relevant record mainteined?								
11	Is the pump room (if any) well illuminated?								
12	Is there no evidence of leakages in pump room?								
13	Are cargo pumps (if they are not submersed type) and ballast pumps in apparent good conditions?								
14	Are pump room's lines and valves in apparent good conditions?								
15	Is the cargo sea chest segregated with double valve, sealed and provided by testing device or blanked or spool peace removed?								
16	Is the ODME overboard securely closed, lashed and blanks inserted where provided?								
17	Are pump room bilges (if any) dry and clean?								
18	Are pump room bilge level monitoring devices together with appropriately located alarms operational? (applicable for vessels constructed on or after 01.07.2002) Is the pump room fixed monitoring system for hydrocarbon gases operational?								
19	Is the pump room fixed monitoring system for hydrocarbon gases operational? (applicable for vessels delivered after 01.01.2012)								
20	Is the pump room ventilation system working and are fire dampers free to move?								
21	Is fire fighting equipment in apparent good conditions?								
22	Is there no evidence of leakages during main deck fire line pressure test?								
23	Does the foam certificate comply with SOLAS requirements?			Analysis certificate date:					
24	Is the foam pump free to move? (if applicable)								
25	Is the innage in any cargo tank not more than 98% of total depth? If no, specify COT(s).								
26	Are the control room and the cargo monitoring systems in apparent good conditions?								
	ARATION: we have checked with each other the items listed on this check list a ave made are correct to the best of our knowledge.	ind ha	ve sa	tisfied ourselves that the entries					
INSF	PECTOR Name: Rank:	Signa	ature:						
VES	SEL Name: Rank:	Signa	ature:						
	Date:			Time:					

				Page 2 of 4					
	PRE MOORING CHECK LIS	Т							
Vesse	el:								
	Trieste anchorage (date & time):								
on i	NSTRUCTION FOR COMPLETION: the safety of operations requires that all questions should be answered affirmatively (except in items 30, 52) after checking by the Inspector according MARPOL, SOLAS, ISGOTT, MEG and SIOT requirements. If an iffirmative answer is not possible, the reason should be given. Additional observations/recommendations should be noted on last								
ltem	Question	Yes	No	Remark					
27	Is the ship in accordance with the Marpol, annex I, ch. 4, reg. 18 requirement?								
28	Is there any valid ISM certificate on board?								
29	Is liquid level in P/V breaker correct?								
30	Is the vessel provided with P/V type "New ISO-HV-80" (manuf. Tanktech Co. Ltd.) produced prior to 1st January 2003?								
31	Are all P/V valves free from traces of silicone or other tampering?								
32	Are deck seal water supply arrangements in good working order?								
33	Are blowers inspected and found properly operative?								
34	Is the fixed oxygen analyzer properly calibrated and operative?								
35	Is the fixed oxygen and pressure recorder operative?								
36	Is the inert gas chart recorder free to move?								
37	Are the inert gas chart recorder nibs working?								
38	Is the I.G.S. control panel buzzer/lamps test positively carried out?								
39	Is the low water pressure (or flow) to the scrubber alarm operative?								
40	Is the automatic blowers shut down operative?								
41	Is the blowers failure alarm operative?								
42	Is the alarm of oxygen content in excess of 5% and/or 8% operative?			□ 5% □ 8%					
43	(based on the applicable FSS Code edition) Is the low I.G. pressure alarm operative?								
44	Is the low-low I.G. pressure alarm or the automatic trip of COPs operative?			Set point:					
45	Is the high I.G. pressure alarm operative?			Set point:					
46	Are there any records of the vessel's COW pre arrival checks?			Set point:					
	Have all cargo and COW lines and associated equipment been satisfactory pressure tested								
47	and inspected prior arrival at Trieste? Is the oxygen content below 8% in all COTs and the pressure not less than 200 mmWg on								
48	three cargo tanks random checked?  Are all not certified gas free COTs, slops and ROTs connected to the IGS line?								
49	(specify whether one ore more tanks are certified gas free)								
50	Are the scrubber, deck seal and NRV in apparent good conditions?								
51	Are the I.G.S. spares and portable devices available? (declared by Chief engineer)								
52	Are any repair/maintenance work in progress? If yes, specify in which ship section.								
	LARATION: we have checked with each other the items listed on this check list at ave made are correct to the best of our knowledge.	nd ha	ve sa	itisfied ourselves that the entries					
INSF	ECTOR Name:Rank:	Signa	ature:						
VES	SEL Name:Rank:	Signa	ature:						
	Date:			Time:					

	Page 3 of PRE MOORING CHECK LIST							
	FILL MOOKING CHECK LIST							
Vessel:								
	Trieste anchorage (date & time):							
	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION							
	Inert gas blower(s) number and capacity:   flue gas							
Α	□ IGG							
	Flue gas and IGG blowers ☐ interchangeable ☐ indipendent ☐ N/A (only one system fitted)							
В	Inert gas pressure alarm calibration system:							
С	Nitrogen % of the calibration bottle:							
D	Corresponding oxygen % reading on main analyzer:							
	Fixed gas detection system. Date of last calibration:							
Е	Performed by:  Shore Service							
	Spaces protected:   pumproom   wbt   others							
F	C.O.W. line last pressure test (declared by Master):							
G	C.O.W. line last pressure test (stencilled on C.O.W. line):							
Н	C.O.P.s emergency trips last test:							
1	C.O.T and slop tanks high and high-high level alarm test:							
J	Automatic cargo gauging system last test and calibration (declared by Master):							
К	Pump room bilge high level alarm last test:							
L	P/V valves height above deck:							
М	P/V valve high velocity model and manufacturer:							
N	PN breaker last inspection date: Set point:							
0	Mast riser - last inspection date:							
Р	P/V valves last inspection date: Set point:							
Q	IG non-return valve - last inspection date:							
R	Breathing valve last inspection (if any): Set point:							
s	Last dry-dock (date):							
Т	Date of last verification and/or maintenace of main engine starting system:							
U	C.O.W. licences on board (numbers and holders):							
Note:	if the declared arrival draft is ≥ 15,50 m, refer to the attached Draft check form.							
I	DECLARATION: we have checked with each other the items listed on this check list and have satisfied ourselves that the entries we have made are correct to the best of our knowledge.							
Crew	Crew members whom have partecipated to the pre mooring inspection:							
DEC	K Name(s): Rank:							
ENG	INE Name(s):							
INSP	PECTOR Name: Rank: Signature:							
VES	SEL Name:							
	Date: Time:							

Page 4 of 4

#### PRE MOORING CHECK LIST

PORT SIDE			STARBOARD SIDE				
TANK	GRADE	O <sub>2</sub> [%]	P [mmWg]	TANK	GRADE	O <sub>2</sub> [%]	P [mmWg]
1				1			
2				2			
3				3			
4			4				
5			5				
6				6			
7				7			
slop				slop			
OT 1 O <sub>2</sub>	[%]	P	[mmWg]	ROT 2	O <sub>2</sub>	[%] P	[mm
PECTOR	Name		Rank		Signatu	ire	
PECTOR			Rank				

Page: 1 of 1



Be aware that this assessment is valid for 30 days only!

O Check failed

**Legend** 

16.12.2021

# Deutsche Transalpine Oelleitung GmbH

Paul-Wassermann-Str. 3 – 81829 MÜNCHEN

Date of assessment: Terminal Information and Port Regulations starting from: Check Details XXXXXXX Tanker name: Tanker Acceptance Check

02.04.2022 IMO number: Last call at SIOT terminal:

Draught on arrival [m] Maximum Summer Deadweight [t]

Vessel Dimensions

Vessel Data

Tanker Details

Manifold height [m] - above MSL\*

Length overall [m]
Beam [m]
PMBL [m] - ballast condition Arrival displacement [t]

Longitudinal windage area [m²]\*\*
Transversal windage area [m²]\*\*

16.5 9 16600 © 160/328 © 58 © 58 © 58 © 23.5 © 7000 | 6 | 16.5 |
6	16.5
6	16500
7	1600
7	1600
8	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	1600
9	60

00000000000

Free board in ballast condition + distance from centre of mainfold to main deck
 Maximum windage area in ballast condition

Mooring Lines

Vessel Data	User Input	Terminal Requ
Type of mooring lines	Wires	Mandatory sele
Total number of mooring lines	16	Minimum value
Total number of mooring lines installed on drums	16	Minimum value
Are all breast and spring lines installed on drums?	yes	Mandatory sele
Are all mooring lines fitted with 11m synthetic tails?	yes	Mandatory sele
The vessel is compliant to the SIOT/TAL mooring lines safety and maintenance criteria*	positive	Questionnaire

000000

yes

pos. outcome

Wires, HMPE 14 14 yes

For all Berths

\* Aggregation of detail-questions

Inert Gas System

**Terminal Requirement** Mandatory selection User Input yes Is an IGS fitted and operational? Vessel Data

Disclaimer of Liability

The information provided by this tool must be intended as a mere support for the tanker preliminary screening. For a correct nomination, it must be also verified that the tankers in complemes with all national and intended to SOLAS Convention, ISPS COde, FSS COde, MARPOL Convention, ISS Code eat.) and guidelines (e. 9. ISGOTT, MEG. Recommendations for Oil and Chemical Tanker Manifolds and Associated Equipment etc.), TAL General Transportation Rules and requirements confained in the SOCT Terminal information and Port Regulations booklet. Talk, is not responsible or liable in any manner for any improper tanker nomination.

Overall Result

For all Berths

yes

The vessel .. XXXXXXX meets the requirements, considered by the TASCO tanker acceptance tool, to be accepted at the SIOT/TAL marine terminal. It may use: Berth 1, Berth 2, Berth 3, Berth 4

Check Date: 16.12.2021 17:34, Evaluation performed by:



Via Muggia, 1 - 34018 San Dorligo della Valle (TS) - Telefono: 040.38 89 111- Fax: 040.38 89 101 Web: www.tal-oil.com - E-mail: siot⊚tal-oil.com - PEC: siot.ufficioprotocollo⊚cert.assind.ts.it

#### TERMINAL MOORING LINES SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE CRITERIA

Dear Captain,

as stated in the SIOT Terminal Information and Port Regulation booklet, paragraph 7.5.3., due to the Terminal design and the peculiarities of the local weather, SIOT has a mooring lines safety and maintenance criteria requirements in place, minimizing the mooring operators risk to be injured during their duties by a ship's broken mooring line, based on the results of the risk assessment conducted, in addition to the OCIMF MEG, international best practice, mooring lines manufacturer's instructions and its ship's company policy.

In order to verify whether the mooring lines of Your vessel meet the mentioned criteria, You are kindly requested to fill in the attached questionnaire, where applicable considering the type of mooring lines installed on Your vessel, and send it back to the Terminal as soon as possible. Please, be aware that any ship that doesn't comply to the mooring lines safety and maintenance criteria could be denied to berth and warned first, then refused at the next call if the mooring criticality will be not rectified by her Operator.

Please, be also aware that relevant documents, relating to the mooring lines, will be checked by the pre-mooring check Inspector (if the vessel is to be subjected to PMC) or by Safety Inspector once the vessel is moored.

Thank You for Your kind cooperation.

Best regards,

Fabrizio Stein Marine Terminal Superintendent

Rev. 00 - 06/05/2024

CAPITALE SOCIALE EURO 4,900.000 INTERAMENTE VERSATO CODICE FISCALE E P. IVA 00051290328 - EEC MEMBER STATE CODE IT 00051290328 - R.E.A. 60076



ATTACHMENT

To: SIOT Terminal - Trieste (Italy)

vias	lersigned Capt.			-	
	ter of the M/T			-	
MO	number				
lecla	are that I'm aware of the Terminal Mooring Lines	Safet	y and	Mainten	ance Criteria and that the
ollo	wing questionnaire represents the current status of the	he mo	oring	lines fitte	ed on the vessel under my
om	mand.				-
N.	Questions	Yes	No	N/A	Remarks
1	Have all mooring lines a residual strength not less than 75% of ship design MBL?				
2	Have steel mooring wires been hand spliced?				
3	Have all steel mooring wires been cropped and mechanically re-spliced or alternatively end-to-				
4	ended every 30 months?  Has end-to-end practice been performed one time only?				
5	Are the mounted steel mooring wires in service less than 90 months?				
6	Have the steel mooring wires been high pressure greased yearly or every 1000 hours of use (whatever comes first)?				
7	Are the ropes and/or tails made by Polyamide (i.e. Nylon)?				
8	Are the ropes and/or tails made by other synthetic fibres with elongation at breaking higher than 20%?				
9	Are all synthetic tails in service less than 2000 hours each?				
10	Are the manufacturer certificates reporting the construction material and the elongation characteristics of the mooring ropes/tails available on board?				
11	Has the vessel a Mooring System Management Plan				

#### SIOT MARINE TERMINAL

#### **COMMUNICATIONS NOTICE**

#### **Primary System:-**

The Safety Inspector on board throughout the vessel's stay alongside is in permanent radio contact with the Pier Master and the Control Room on the Terminal's Private VHF Channel. All communications with shore are normally to be addressed through the Safety Inspector.

A "radio check" call may be requested via the Safety Inspector at any time BUT should at least be made during each and every instance of the repetitive checks of the Ship Shore Safety Check List.

#### **Secondary System:-**

An Ex mobile telephone is placed on board each ship by the Terminal for the ship's use. Instructions for use:

- dial 8 for an internal call to the Pier Master
- dial 9 to call the Telephone Operator
- dial 7 and then the outside number for any outside calls

Ships alongside may be called by dialling +39 040 828455 / 828456 (Instructions available in Italian and English) International calls are also possible.

See Section 3.3 of SIOT Terminal's "Terminal Information and Port Regulations" booklet regarding charges for use of the mobile phone.

**Note:** Whilst alongside SIOT berths, ships should maintain a listening watch in the cargo control room on VHF channel 72. The Pier Master's Office will call on this channel (however, it is not monitored for incoming calls) if other means of communication fail to raise a response.

The Pier Master's office is equipped with Marine Band VHF, with channels 10-12-14-16-71-72-73 but a listening watch is not maintained.

# In the event of a complete communications failure, all cargo operations must be stopped until communication links have been re-established.

#### TELEPHONE CONTACT NUMBERS\*\*

Pier Master	Phone: 040 827003 Mob: 348 4511932	VHF 72/73
riei iviasiei	Filotie: 040 627 003 Mob. 346 431 1932	(by arrangement)
Supervisor	Phone: 040 3889871 Mob: 348 2508597	
Pilot Station	Phone: 040 304307 Mob: 335 1002479	VHF 14
Harbour Master	Phone: 040 676616 Fax: 040 676665	
Tugs		VHF 12
Antipollution Boat		VHF 72

<sup>\*\*</sup>The Country Code for calling these numbers from outside of Italy is +39.

#### SIOT MARINE TERMINAL

#### INSTRUCTIONS IN CASE OF FIRE OR EMERGENCY

#### Fire Action - Ship

#### Fire on your Ship

- · Raise the alarm on board & ashore
- Cease all cargo/ballast operations and close all valves
- Fight fire with the aim of preventing spread
- Stand-by to disconnect cargo arms
- Bring engines to readiness for immediate departure

#### Fire on another Ship or Ashore

- Raise the alarm on board & ashore and when instructed:
- Cease all cargo/ballast operations and close all valves
- Stand-by to disconnect cargo arms
- Bring engines and crew to readiness for immediate departure

#### **Fire Action - Ashore**

#### Fire on a Ship

- Raise the alarm ashore and on board all ships alongside
- Instruct vessels to cease all cargo/ballast operations and close all valves
- Stand-by to disconnect cargo arms
- Stand-by to assist fire fighting
- Implement Terminal Emergency Plan

#### Fire Ashore

- Raise the alarm ashore and on board all ships alongside
- Implement Terminal Emergency Plan
- Instruct vessels to cease all cargo/ballast operations and close all valves
- Fight fire with primary aim of preventing escalation until help arrives
- If required, stand-by to disconnect cargo arms

#### In case of fire, do not hesitate to raise the alarm

# Terminal Fire Alarm CONTINUOUS SIREN SOUND

#### To raise the alarm in case of fire on board your ship:

- Activate the SHIP'S FIRE ALARM SIGNAL.
- 2. Contact the terminal through the Safety Inspector or VHF Ch.72 or Ex mobile Telephone: dial 8.

#### SIOT MARINE TERMINAL

#### INSTRUCTIONS IN CASE OF VESSEL DRIFT-OFF

#### Action to be taken by Ship

#### **Drift-off of your Ship**

- Raise the alarm on board and ashore
- Cease all cargo/ballast operations and close all valves
- Stand-by to disconnect cargo arms
- Restore a safe mooring

#### **Drift-off of another Ship**

- Raise the alarm on board and ashore and if requested:
- Cease all cargo/ballast operations and close all valves
- Stand-by to disconnect cargo arms

#### Action to be taken by Terminal

- Raise the alarm ashore and on board all ships alongside
- · Activate the Terminal emergency plan for vessel's drift-off
- Instruct vessel/s to cease all cargo/ballast operations and close all valves
- Stand-by to disconnect cargo arms
- Restore a safe mooring\*

#### In case drift-off, do not hesitate to raise the alarm

#### **Terminal Emergency Signal:**

#### **CONTINUOUS SIREN SOUND**

#### To raise the alarm in case of drift-off on board your ship:

- 1. Activate the SHIP'S EMERGENCY SIGNAL.
- 2. Contact the terminal through the Safety Inspector or VHF Ch.72 or Cx mobile Telephone: dial 8.
- (\*) According to the entity of the vessel's movement from her initial position, the Terminal individuates three level of drift-off:
- Level 1: limited vessel's movement from her initial position
- Level 2: significant vessel's movement from her initial position
- Level 3: vessel's detachment from fenders concurrently with loss of mooring control

Once Terminal evaluated the drift-off level, additional action over those listed above may be taken, e.g. the emergency call of mooring men to restore the mooring or the emergency summoning of tugs to push back the vessel alongside.

Additional mooring lines can be made fast between the ship and shore using the compressed air line throwing apparatus available at the Terminal.